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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO. 3,275 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1899. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVI—NO. 825

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Our great 160-page catalogue tells of thousands of bargains in Furniture, Clothing, Bedding, Crockery, Silverware, Sewing Machines, Clocks, Upholstery Goods, Baby Carriages, Refrigerators, Pictures, Mirrors, Tin Ware, Stoves, etc., and in buying from us, you save from 40 to 60 per cent. on everything—don't forget this.

We publish a lithographed catalogue of Carpets, Rugs, Art Squares, Portieres and Lace Curtains which shows exact designs in hand-painted colors—selections can be made as satisfactorily as though you were here at the mill.

Here's the celebrated Hines Sewing Machine—none better made. Guaranteed for 20 years. Catalogue tells you all about it. Price (3 Drawer Style)

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Why have we customers in every part of the United States, in Canada, Mexico, Bermuda, Cuba, Porto Rico, and even as far as Australia and South Africa? Send for our Free Catalogues. They will tell you. Address this way

We make all styles of Machines.

Julius Hines & Son,
BALTIMORE, MD. Dept. 909.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ELECTRO SILICON Shines Silverware Surprisingly without Scratching.

Sample sent if you say so.

It's unlike all others.
Box, post-paid, 15 cts. in stamps.
It's Sold Everywhere.
The Electro Silicon Co., 40 Cliff St., New York.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, ALWAYS reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's *English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

STEADY INCOME AT HOME. You can make $25 per Week. Either Sex. I'll Start you in the Mail Order Business day or evening. No Peddling. M. Young, 363 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Announcement.

We have purchased Mr. H. A. Rankin's entire stock of

Sash,
Doors,
Transoms,
Side-Lights,
&c.

In this lot are some sizes we do not usually carry in stock and which we will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES.

We would suggest to those who contemplate building or repairing that they call on us and select what they need before making window and door frames, as they can save money by making frames to suit these sizes.

To the ladies who wish to put up

China Closets

we would state that we have a few sets of Doors and Sash Doors at a low price, and if they wish a pit or hot bed we can furnish some odd size sash glazed to the extent of our stock of scrap glass at very low prices.

In addition to the above we have a car load of Sash and Doors, standard sizes, we are looking for daily, and when received we will be prepared to furnish anything in this line.

We offer for the next two weeks

ten per cent. reduction in HEATING STOVES,

as we must make room for Spring stock of Agricultural Implements, &c., &c.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
January 11-d3twtf

For Rent.

The Blacksmith and Wagon Shops, known as the "Welsh Shops," are for rent. A good chance for a man to make money. Apply to WALTER WATSON.
January 4th-tf

THE NEW WAY.

WOMEN used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local examinations" by physicians. Dread of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine-tenths of all the cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple, pure

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

taken in the privacy of a woman's own home insures quick relief and speedy cure. Women need not hesitate now. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that comes under the head of "female troubles"—disordered menses, falling of the womb, "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. $1.00 at the drug store.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. I. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says: "I use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it a most excellent preparation for female troubles."

A VERY NICE ADMINISTRATION.

Our readers will recall the astonishing interview which General Miles permitted to find its way into the public knowledge through the medium of some Western paper—perhaps one of the St. Louis dailies—just about the the time he was returning from his bloodless conquest of Porto Rico and when he was on the high seas. It imputed the most flagrant corruption to the national administration. Straightway the public declared that he would be called upon for a disavowal of it as soon as he touched land; but that, if he should on the other hand avow it, he would be promptly courtmartialed, if thegrowing opinion that he was insane did not intervene to shield him. The knowing ones, however, insisted that not only would he not disavow the interview but that his purpose was to force the administration to courtmartial him, and that the administration would be careful to avoid doing anything of the kind.

The knowing ones turned out to be of the genuine brand for once. Their predictions were completely verified, and the OBSERVER called attention at the time to the disgraceful attitude in which the episode left those whose silence gave consent.

Now here comes a reminder of this affair in the shape of a special Washington dispatch to the Baltimore Sun, from which we take these extracts:

"Secretary Alger has called the attention of the President to the statement issued by Gen. Miles yesterday, in which he reiterates his assertions regarding the quality of beef furnished the American troops during the Porto Rico campaign. It is not improbable that some action may soon be taken leading to an investigation, and, perhaps, a court of inquiry or court martial. The Secretary of War is understood to have been deeply aroused by the statement and provoked that General Miles should further attempt to embarrass the administration by reviving the beef issue. General Miles is said to have prepared his statement with a view to attracting official attention, and, it is claimed by his friends that he courts an investigation, but does not apprehend that one will follow.

"Secretary Alger is incensed at the general's conduct and determined that some notice shall be taken of the statement, which, he believes, impeaches the integrity of the Secretary and casts grave reflection on the whole administration of the War Department. It was asserted with positiveness this evening that Secretary Alger had announced privately that General Miles's conduct, together with previous utterances on the question of food furnished the troops, must be taken notice of in an official way, and that to preserve discipline in the service and prevent juniors from aspersing the conduct of seniors, a court of inquiry or some sort of military body must be ordered to discipline the commanding general. Tonight the Secretary said that the time had not yet arrived for a public statement by him, as the case had been referred to the President and would probably be disposed of at the White House. The situation is unquestionably one in which General Miles desires a court of some sort, but where the administration is not at all anxious that one be ordered. General Miles's previous utterances and the carefully prepared statements which he has issued are said to be sufficient cause for a court martial, but feeling that startling disclosures would result and severe strictures be cast on the administration, every effort has been made to avoid such action."

It looks as if there was something decidedly more rotten in Denmark than General Egan's embalmed beef.

Meanwhile it is interesting to see how much of truth there is in the press dispatch which came to us last evening, saying that the New York Advertiser's Washington correspondent declared that papers had been prepared relieving General Miles of the command of the army.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The article quoted elsewhere from the Atlanta Journal concerning the 3d North Carolina regiment, makes a very just discrimination between the negro regulars and the negro volunteers. The negro volunteers have, almost without exception, proved to be utterly worthless as soldiers. Nay, they have been a terror to every community into which they have come. The negro regulars, on the contrary, have proved themselves brave and admirable soldiers in every way. The difference accentuates the contrast between the docile, faithful and altogether excellent body of laborers which the Southern slaves constituted, and the turbulent citizens which so many of their descendants become when endowed with equal privileges with the whites.

* * *

We do not know precisely what it is that Col. Josiah Turner biennially asks the North Carolina Legislature to do for him, and which they as regularly refuse to do. Perhaps they are right. As we said, we do not know the merits of the case—having never known, possibly, or having forgotten. But we have no sort of doubt about the transcendent merits of the man at an eventful period in our history; and, if it be possible for this Legislature to stretch a point in his favor, we are sure the people will not begrudge the necessary appropriation to satisfy his claim.

* * *

It is understood that the first draft of both the constitutional amendment for elimination of the corruptible negro vote and of the election law under which the vote on the amendment will be held, is very nearly complete. Both have been in able hands, and we have no doubt they will prove to be, when given to the public, effective instruments for the accomplishment of white supremacy. The OBSERVER, which was the first paper after the election to point out the insufficiency of an election law to accomplish the evident desire which underlay the great upheaval of the whites, is especially gratified at the outcome. It will be a glorious day for our dear State when the law shall render cheating at the polls in order to save society unnecessary as well as impossible.

The New Election Law, &c

Col. Olds sends to his papers the following concerning the new election law:

"The Legislature has repealed all election laws. Thursday night the Democratic caucus will take up the new law, prepared with great care by Senator Glenn and Representatives Stubbs and Winston, and Democratic State Chairman Simmons. Today each committeeman was given a draft of the new law. It is very different from any former laws. As expected, it restores the old date of elections to the first Thursday in August. This is done to prevent Federal interference at elections by dissassociating the latter from the Congressional elections. It also names August, 1900, as the date for the first election. The State Board of Elections is not composed as formerly. Then it was of State officers and was only a canvassing board. Now it has greater power. It is to meet in April on each election year, and it is to be composed of five discreet persons. The county elections boards are also a new creation. The bill is well drawn. It is very comprehensive."

He sends this to the Atlanta Constitution:

"Democratic State Chm'n Simmons, in regard to the voting on the amendment to limit the negro franchise, says all voters, white and black, will be given opportunity to vote on this amendment; that democrats so promised during the last campaign, and they will keep that promise, and so there will, in the vote on this amendment, be no restriction of the suffrage.

"Some western members of the legislature, democrats, said today that during the campaign they were called on to say whether they would vote for disfranchisement, and promised they would not disfranchise anybody."

A Reminder of the Days That Tried Men's Souls.

A Wise Business Man's View of the Dispensary.

Mr. W. H. Cone in Greensboro Record.

Dear Sirs:—I was busily engaged in New York last week endeavoring to organize one of the largest manufacturing corporations in Greensboro, when my attention was called to the present agitation for a dispensary law. I could not believe it possible in these days of advancing civilization and respect for the personal rights of the individual, that a town which I have been telling everybody is the coming town of the State, should so deliberately enter upon a path certain to stop its progress. * *

I have never known a town in which this question was constantly agitated which prospered, and we all know that when the "Dispensary" is established, those of us opposed to it will agitate for its discontinuance, and, finally, it will be discontinued, all of which will be bad for the town. The business men, however much they, as we all do, desire the good will and friendship of the church, do not want to see our business go down and our prosperity interfered with over these personal questions. The church cannot prosper and do good and increase in membership and prosperity when there is no prosperity in the community. Every one knows how unsaleable real estate was in Greensboro three years ago, and that today it has a market value. Are holders of property willing to see the former condition of things return? Let them pass the Dispensary Law and they will find themselves accommodated. The merchant, the real estate owner and dealer, the lawyer, the banker, the clerk, the carpenter, the laborer, in Greensboro is today in better prosperity, comparatively, than in any other town in the State. Are they going to put an end to all that?

Dispensaries may be alright for small, provincial back woods towns, but not for enterprising and up to date cities. We all know how the traveling and business men feel on this subject, and that enterprise will not settle in a community when one part of the people try to regulate the personal rights of the other. What investor will come here with his money under such circumstances? I would much rather see absolute prohibition than this "Dispensary" method of forcing men to regulate their appetites.

I say frankly that of all the enterprises I am connected with, and have directly or indirectly influenced to come to Greensboro, not one would have come had we thought such laws would be sprung upon us. If there is anything that will kill such a town, when others, its competitors, are enjoying all the rights and privileges of an advanced civilization, it is when similar rights and privileges of its own citizens are limited and curtailed. Cannot any one see how Raleigh, Durham, Winston and Charlotte would each benefit at our expense, with such a law in operation here? Can any one imagine the progressive, public spirited, liberal, up-to-date city of Charlotte passing such a law?

I do not believe that when the time comes, a majority in this community can be found for this proposition, and if it can, it will be unfair, it will be wrong for such a majority to take away from the minority personal rights and liberties of this kind.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. King Bros.

BUIST'S FRESH GARDEN SEEDS JUST RECEIVED at the FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE

Ship Bounties.

Instead of passing laws to strike the commercial and economic fetters from the United States so that our unrivalled resources may be adequately employed, as, for example, in the production of cheap ships, this crazy Republican congress is adopting the mediæval plan of providing ship bounties. The Hanna-Payne shipping bill, which makes this foolish and oppressive provision, was reported to the House of Representatives some days ago. A minority report was filed day before yesterday. It was prepared by Representative Handy, of Delaware, and contains the following:

"This bill was prepared and brought to congress by a voluntary committee of shipowners and shipbuilders, representing the gentlemen who will receive the bounty which the bill proposes to give from the public treasury. The bill, as it is reported to the house, is in almost the exact form and grants to a penny the bounties demanded by the gentlemen who are to receive them. The bill is, therefore, naturally and entirely satisfactory to the 'interests' which have organized this movement to secure the vast sums carried in the bill as a gratuity to be used in carrying on their private business and enlarging the profits thereof.

"The bill provides not simply for bounties but for bounties which once granted cannot be taken away thereafter. The twenty year bounties thus provided are put in the bill in the language of so many 'cents,' but when the arithmetical calculation is made to find how big these bounties by 'cents' will prove to be when the time comes to pay them, we find that they must be figures in tens of millions of dollars. By a careful and conservative estimate we find that the government will be obliged by the contracts likely to be entered into during the first year under this bill to pay bounties amounting to more than $165,000,000. This includes only the shipping now in sight and the shipping which must be built will cost probably not less than $400,000,000.

"Of this enormous bounty the lion's share will go to the International Navigation Company. This company will receive in the aggregate more than $57,000,000. This strikes us as a monstrous proposition."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The "Cross Creek" Fence.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—I notice in yesterday's (Wednesday's) OBSERVER the very lucid explanation given by a friend of the OBSERVER why the people of Fayetteville should be careful in signing the petition being circulated asking the Legislature to exempt the people of the city of Fayetteville from paying a tax on the so-called Cross Creek fence. As a friend of the OBSERVER I wish to ask, who says that the people have been outraged and that a great injustice, a great wrong, has been done the good people by not allowing them to pay this tax? I ask you, Mr. Editor, have you heard any great outcry of people demanding that the tax-payers of Fayetteville shall pay a tax to fence Mr. Jones or Mr. Brown's land in other townships? I am informed that the so-called Cross Creek fence does not touch the Cross Creek Township line at any point, but, whether this is true or not, it does not alter the status of the case. Why, Mr. Editor, if such a great injustice and wrong has been done the people of Fayetteville, has there not been some discussion of the matter through the OBSERVER? Why did not the people *air* their wrong? They generally do, and that is the proper course. Why was it that no notice was given through the OBSERVER that an effort would be made to fasten this tax upon Fayetteville? That shows very clearly, Mr. Editor, the advocates of the tax feel their case was too *weak* to submit to the people. Why, Mr. Editor, should the people of Fayetteville pay a tax to build a fence around private property in other townships? Upon the same principle ought not the property in those townships that are benefitted help us to pay our city tax? This is not a general stock law, but only benefits one or two townships and not the general public, like the Clarendon Bridge, which is a recognized public necessity.

Of course I do not know who your friend is, but I have a very well defined idea, and, if I am correct, he is not a resident of the city, but if he was he would oppose the tax as I do. Probably he is a beneficiary of the fence. Why did he not give his views through the OBSERVER and sign his name to it?

Yes, sir, a petition is being circulated, and so far only two parties out of 200 approached have refused to sign. Yes, the people will carefully consider all petitions presented, and you will find them opposing an increased tax without it is for some substantial and necessary improvement for the city.

Mr. Editor, I venture the assertion that 95 per cent. of the *white* tax payers of Fayetteville are opposed to this proposed tax; then, I ask again, is it right, is it "Democratic", to foist this tax upon us without submitting it to a vote of the people. Why was this course not pursued? Are they afraid of the people? It looks so. Why did not Flea Hill, Cedar Creek, or Gray's Creek ask to have us taxed? Simply because they knew it is an unfair and unjust tax. If our representatives heed the voice of the people in the petition that will go up we will not be saddled with this tax.

W. S. COOK.

Chairman Huske on the Campaign Pledges

Chairman Huske requests us to state in reply to inquiries, that the pledges referred to in the circular letters sent to precinct chairmen, were made by the Democratic *candidates*. The subject was not a matter acted upon by the executive committee, for the reason that the candidates made these pledges in response to general inquiries as to what their course would be, if elected. It is understood that they made this response personally to all comers, whether Dispensary advocates or opponents, in order to eliminate this disturbing factor from the issue of white supremacy, and to shift its determination to a special election therefor by the people. Chairman Huske considers it his duty, of course, to back up the position taken by the candidates of the party with all the authority of his official position.

His Life was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong, I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

THE SECRETS

of easy and almost painless childbirth are all told in a handsomely illustrated book entitled "Before Baby is Born," a copy of which will be sent free on request to every expectant mother. The book also tells about that truly great liniment known as

MOTHER'S FRIEND

which modifies all the distress, pain and danger of the period of pregnancy and insures rapid recovery.

Druggists sell Mother's Friend for $1 a bottle.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

A Bill of Local Interest.

Mr. Robinson introduced a bill yesterday to give Cumberland county two weeks additional time for the Superior Court, one week in February and one week in September, but only one week additional this year. The large docket at present and the increased demand upon the Superior Court by appeals from the Criminal Court renders this action necessary. The bar signed a petition setting forth the necessity for it. Before the next General Assembly it is hoped the docket can be cleared and a case brought to one term of Court and tried at the next. As it is, delay caused by a heavy docket often amounts to a denial of justice and runs up large bills of costs.

Notes of Interest.

A press dispatch from Washington last night says:

For a few minutes in the Senate this afternoon it seemed like a vote would be taken on one or more of the resolutions relating to expansion that are pending before that body. An unusually large attendance of Republican Senators was present, all of them having been notified to be on hand in the event of a critical vote on the pending question. No vote occurred however, and the matter is still in doubt.

The war department yesterday issued an order to muster out about 15,000 volunteer troops. The regiments are: First Maryland, now at Augusta, Ga.; Third Mississippi and Second Missouri at Albany, Ga.; Eighth and Thirteenth Pennsylvania at Augusta, Ga.; Fourteenth Pennsylvania, at Somerville, S. C.; Fourth Texas at San Antonio, Tex as; Fourth Wisconsin, at Anniston, Ala.; Seventh Volunteer Infantry, at Macon, Ga.; Eighth Volunteer Infantry at Chickamauga; Tenth Volunteer Infantry at Macon, Ga.

The Negro Regiment Not Mustered Out

It has been published throughout the land that the Third North Carolina regiment had been mustered out at Macon and had left for home on a special train. It had gotten out in this city that the Fayetteville part of the regiment would arrive here today at noon. There is no truth in any of this. Maj. McKethan tells us that he received a letter Friday morning from his son, Mr. W. M. McKethan, who is soliciting agent for the Georgia Railroad at Macon in which he says that the Third North Carolina regiment would be mustered out on the 8th of February. He says that he went out to their camp yesterday and talked with a number of the Fayetteville members.

It is past understanding how the various reports got circulated.

"'Tis Fifty Years Since."

Correspondence of the Observer.]

Referring to the communication of J in your issue of the 29th ult. under the heading above, in which he gives a pretty correct list of the men doing business in Fayetteville '44 to '58, numbering about two hundred and eight persons, it is sad to contemplate that only eight of the large list are now living; and thinking "J" would like to know who they are I will give their names: T. S. Lutterloh, Thos. Gill, Warren Prior, A. J. Woodward, Hiram Whaley, J. B. Starr, J. F. Marsh and J. B. Troy.

For the information of your correspondent and others I will supplement his list with names of persons doing business then that he had omitted: John Culbreth, Jesse W. Powers, J. C. Poe, J. A. Pemberton, Daniel and John McRae, Stedman & Horne, Hall & Sackett, Worth & Utley, R. A: Love, S. A. Phillips, Sampson Boon, J. O. Boon, A. J. O'Hanlon, Daniel McGill, Chas. Beebe, David Taylor, Mrs. Elam, Cook & Troy, George and Hector McMillan, Dr. J. A. MacRae, Malcom J. McDuffie, R. M. Orrell, R. W. Kinlaw. Of these J. A. Pemberton, John McRae and R. W. Kinlaw only are among the living.

Of the Concordia Club of which he spoke, I think only G. L. and T. J. Johnson and Robert Dodd are still living. W. C. T.

Jan'y 29, 1899.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c. at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. King Bros.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable CASCARETS and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to every one. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family." EDW. A. MARX, Albany, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 321

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Exonerated.

Mr. R. S Dixon, station agent at Rennert, was exonerated last week for the killing of the negro at Rennert last Wednesday, by the coroner's inquest.

Station Agent at Rennert Kills a Negro.

Mr. R. S. Dixon, Station Agent at Rennert, Robeson county, on the A. C. L. R. R., shot and killed a negro Wednesday who was making at him with a heavy weight. Mr. Dixon telegraphed to the sheriff what had happened and that he was ready to give himself up or report at any time and place he desired. Whereupon Mr. Dixon received instructions from the sheriff to come to Lumberton.

The Late Capt. Jos. M. Vann.

The announcement in the OBSERVER Wednesday afternoon of the death in Warrenville, S. C., of Capt. James M. Vann, though expected, was nevertheless a source of sorrow throughout the community in which, during the whole of his long life, he has been known as an honest man, a courteous gentleman, always bearing himself with the dignity and manners of that old school now so rapidly becoming extinct.

It is a pity that such a man, so closely identified with everything in this, his native place, should have died abroad.

The deceased was a Captain in the Independent Company before the war, and was elected Major Commandant, but his natural modesty caused him to decline the conspicuous position. He has been one of the company's warmest supporters ever since he entered its ranks. The death of Capt. Vann, leaves, we believe, but one surviving member of that glorious old organization, who participated in its semi-centennial of 1841.

He leaves a wife, who was Miss Maria Chisolm, and the following children who have our sincerest sympathy: Mrs. J. P. Monaghan, Mrs. W. D. McNeill, (Warrenville, S. C.,) Major J. C. Vann and Messrs. J. A. and W. C. Vann.

Funeral of Capt. Vann.

The burial of Capt. J. M. Vann took place Friday morning in the old Cross Creek Cemetery, the F. I. L. I., of which the deceased was an honored member for more than 55 years, forming an escort to the remains, which were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of citizens.

The funeral service took place in the Episcopal Church at 11 o'clock, Rev. Isaac W. Hughes officiating. A good man has gone, peace to his ashes.

The following were the pall bearers: Cols. C. W. Broadfoot and Chas. Haigh, Maj. W. F. Campbell, Capt. A. Garrason, and Messrs. W. W. Cole, I. B. Hawley, J. P. Thomson and T. J. Powers.

Advice to Consumptives

There are three great remedies that every person with weak lungs, or with consumption itself, should understand.

These remedies will cure about every case in its first stages; and many of those more advanced. It is only the most advanced that are hopeless. Even these are wonderfully relieved and life itself greatly prolonged.

What are these remedies? Fresh air, proper food and

Scott's Emulsion

of *Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites*. Be afraid of draughts but not of fresh air. Eat nutritious food and drink plenty of milk. Do not forget that Scott's Emulsion is the oldest, the most thoroughly tested and the highest endorsed of all remedies for weak throats, weak lungs and consumption in all its stages.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Notes of Local Interest.

The Marsh-Highsmith Sanitarium is beginning to assume proportions at which one can form some idea of the finished building. It is going to be an ornament as well as a blessing to the city.

Evaline McArthur, for years a servant in the family of Dr. McDuffie, died at Manchester yesterday.

Mr Robinson's Effective Action

Chairman Huske informs us that it was only by the prompt action of Representative Robinson that the House bill refusing to leave the Dispensary question to the popular vote was prevented from getting before the Senate without a hearing for the anti-dispensaryites before its committee. Mr. Robinson secured delay of the matter until next week and Chairman Huske was thus enabled to reach Raleigh and appear before the committee. As soon as he explained the state of the case to the committee, they decided unanimously to postpone consideration of the matter and to grant a hearing to both sides on Tuesday, the 7th instant.

We think it plain from what we are now hearing that Mr. Robinson has been greatly misrepresented at Raleigh and that he has been manfully standing to his guns when almost alone.

Good Roads.

The question of good roads for Cumberland county is again being agitated and should be agitated until every highway leading out of Fayetteville is put in such order as to attract trade from all parts of this and adjoining counties.

We understand that the Legislature will be asked to make an amendment to the Court House Act to effect the following purpose: "That funds arising from Wilmington & Weldon railroad county tax above what the tax was at the time of the passage of the Court House Act, which provides for the use of that tax in payment of interest on the Court House bonds and for a sinking fund, be used as a nucleus for working the public roads of Cumberland county."

The surplus will be about $3,000, as the tax has been increased from $3,000 to $6,000 since the passage of the Court House Act. This fund, together with convict labor, its advocates argue, will put the roads in good shape.

Mr. J. A. Hodgin Has a Narrow Escape.

The Carolina Record tells of a narrow escape our friend, Mr. Jno. A. Hodgin, had recently. He was with a party searching for some goods stolen from his store when the thief opened fire, one ball cutting through Mr. Hodgin's overcoat collar. The thief, a negro, was subsequently captured and jailed.

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NEVER IMITATED—NO EQUALITY.

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is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER

BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug-Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for WHITE REUNION against BLACK FUSION.

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore invites consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

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Weekly Edition, $1.00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Mang'r.

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY......FEBRUARY 9, 1899

E. J. HALE, Editorand Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform." —*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Feb. 6, 1899.

Senator Gorman knew when he began his fight against the treaty that the securing of thirty odd votes against the ratification of the treaty, would not permanently reject the treaty, because of the certainty of its commanding more than the necessary two thirds in the Senate of the next Congress; therefore it was unimportant whether he secured them or not. But he has accomplished the principal object for which he fought. The speeches made in the Senate have aroused the people of the country to the danger that lies in our permanent possession of the Phillippines and made it certain that public opinion will prevent the carrying out of the imperial policy that has been buzzing in the heads of Mr. McKinley and some of his chief advisers. Mr. Gorman thinks that public opinion could not have been so speedily or so thoroughly aroused in any other way, as it has been by the fight he and those who acted with him, have made. They were not strong enough in votes to amend the treaty, but the result shows that there are more ways than hanging to kill a dog. If imperialism hasn't been killed, it has been badly crippled.

Mr. Keegan, a representative of the International Mechanics Union, who was among those heard by the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, on the eight hour bill, made some startling charges. He charged that the Cramp Shipbuilding Company and the Maxim-Nordenfeldt Gun Company, being unable to fill at the price specified contracts for guns and gun carriages, awarded them by the Government, had had the work performed by Government employees at the Washington Navy Yard, and received in cash, the difference between the cost of making and the contract price. He charged that under the arrangement specified, the Cramp Company had received $17,000, as the difference between the cost of making the Gun carriages and the contract price, and that the Maxim Nordenfeldt Co. had received $2,400 each for guns which were made by Government employees, at a cost of $1,000 each, thus pocketing a profit of $1,400 on each gun, without engaging in the work of making them. Senator Kyle was directed to personally investigate these charges.

The House Judiciary Committee has reported a resolution declaring that Gen. Wheeler, Col. Campbell, Col. Colson and Major Robbins vacated their seats in the House when they accepted Commissions in the Army. The attempt to have the committee take the same action in the cases of Representatives who are members of several existing Government Commissions, was a failure. The committee decided that Congressmen may serve on Civil Commissions without forfeiting their seats.

Although the Republican House Caucus decided not to try to push any financial legislation at this session, the extreme gold standard men are trying to force action on the Hill financial bill. A resolution has been offered, fixing February 14th, for voting on that bill, and pressure is being brought to bear on the committee on Rules, to have that resolution reported back to the House.

Commissions in the cavalry branch of the regular army, are vainly sought after by many West Pointers, but James Fuller McKinley, son of Abner, and nephew of the President, whose only military experience consisted of a few weeks service as a private in the 8th Ohio Volunteers, has been nominated to be a 2nd Lieutenant in the Cavalry branch of the regular army. The nomination is likely to be confirmed, simply because there is nothing against the young man personally, but all the same it ought not to be.

Senator Daniel's speech against imperialism and expansion, which occupied three hours and a half, was a masterly argument for continuing in the steps of the founders of this government, and as an oratorical effort has not been surpassed at this session.

Americans like fair play in a fight. Gen. Miles has stood up like a man and charged that contractors supplied our troops with embalmed beef, and offered to furnish proof of the charge. Secretary Alger, and his gang are skulking around trying to stab Miles in the dark, being afraid to order him court martialed, because that would give him an opportunity to produce the proof he has of his charge. The report of the War Investigating Commission, now in Mr. McKinley's possession, is relied upon to give Miles several stabs. Mr. McKinley has been asked to remove Miles from the command of the army, but he is afraid to do so because in that case, Miles would have a right to demand the cause, and if a cause were given to demand that a court martial decide whether it be a just one. A sneaky way of ousting Miles has been envolved by Alger. It is proposed to amend the Hull army bill by providing for a revival of the grade of Lieutenant General and then nominating Merritt, or some other Major-General to the position. Merritt would not be much more satisfactory to Alger as Commander of the Army than Miles is, as his contempt for Alger, which dates away back to Alger's court martial during the civil war, has never been concealed, and their relations, since Alger became Secretary of War have been confined to strictly official matters. It looks as though the administration would be compelled to give Miles a chance to prove his charge, by ordering some sort of a Military Inquiry. Mr. McKinley is said to have promised that much.

To Road Overseers.

D. N. McLean, Chairman of Supervisors of Cross Creek, requests us to call the attention of road overseers to the fact that they will be called upon in a few days to render their reports to the annual meeting of road supervisors and to therefore put their roads in good order.

The Dispensary Question.

Correspondence of the Observer.

Fayetteville, N. C. Feb'y 5, '99.

Mr. Editor:

Dear Sir:—As a business man and a property owner, I am, of course, interested in the dispensary question, I have been much amused and at times impressed with the arguments.

Allow me a short space in which to vent my feelings. It is with regret that I see the number of good men, who, by their erroneous statements, figures, &c., are rendering themselves obnoxious to the best class of people in Fayetteville. The best class of people in Fayetteville, that is as true as gospel. The solid business men who have lived here since childhood in our old town, their accumulations of a life time invested in property, and on account of the actions of a few cranks (who have nothing but effort in store for notoriety) that investment is rendered comparatively useless. There is something radically wrong. The active men in the dispensary matter are recent arrivals in Fayetteville and really not entitled to suffrage on a matter involving such great interest to our old town, nine out of ten who are agitating the matter, think, no doubt, they will be pecuniarily benefitted.

Why are a few people continually coercing and antagonizing the great number of people? It is conducive to hatred, you cant drive anybody. The supposed good people of Fayetteville have become even cynical in their eagerness to fasten something distasteful on our people. But thank God in the midst of trouble, inconsistency and hypocracy, there stands one man whose life has always been consecrated to the services of his Lord and Maker, who loves a weak and erring creature, has a pleasant smile and a good word for the poor inebriate and thereby accomplishes more good than all the (rag chewing) dispensary advocates. In reference to the back yard meeting harped on by several, if any presume to arrogate their superiority to the attendants of that meeting from a business standpoint or good citizenship, they are terribly off. They know absolutely nothing about the back yard or office in wich a meeting of the representative citizens of Fayetteville was held. The writer is familiar with office and owner, the maximum day's business for past years would startle almost anybody, but it was not on account of the Dispensary, but due to the untiring efforts of the clever cotton buyers who almost heroically snatched the cotton business from surrounding towns. Thereby forcing foreign buyers here. The honest competition has kept it throughout the season, the best cotton market of the State. The office is nicely fitted up and contiguous to his weighing platform, and will accommodate quite a number, and being the business office of a man who had been identified with every movement affecting the business interests of Fayetteville, it is very natural that his friends recognizing his sterling ability would gather in his office for council when the business interests of the old town (which all *native* Fayettevillian's love and feel real heartfelt interests in) is jeopardized by newcomers. Remove the men and their business interests who constituted that "back yard meeting, and you would have to send a horse one hundred miles to be shod. They are the backbone and sinew of this town.

The "know all fish correspondent" from about Hope Mills has considerable to say about the business of Fayetteville; is he to be believed in preference to a business man of Fayetteville? In all probability he knows nothing about the business of Fayetteville. I, as a business man and property owner, know whereof I speak. While it does not require whisky to run this town, we have suffered materially since it was put in one house. The moralists say that there is not the quantity of whisky sold as under the open saloon system, but in my opinion there is considerably more whisky consumed than ever before, for a man is compelled to buy the quantity for a "drunk" to obtain one drink, and the bushes are full all the time. The Hope Mills correspondent says "a man who favors whisky in Fayetteville has an axe to grind and lies about business, etc." I am entitled to the same privilege as he. I am not and never will be interested in the sale of whisky in Fayetteville, but favor open bars with high license. The public knows the biggest liar. It was my misfortune once to come in contact with a loud-mouthed prohibitionist, and my advice to all is, in traveling with one, to drink all your whisky at once, or you will soon recognize in the distorted contenance of your partner indications of that terrible trouble, "colic."

The writer of the above entertains no prejudice nor hard feelings against any individual or class, respects any sane person's convictions. I don't think any crank should lead people in any movement. That is more dangerous to a community than whisky and its evils. As I am not a newspaper controversationalist, I will not reply to anything the above may call forth. FAIR PLAY.

BEAVER DAM ITEMS.

BEAVER DAM, Feb. 4, 1899.

We have a changeable climate, anyway. For a day or two we are in the Frigid Zone, all crisp up and shivering with cold, and then with sudden dash we are almost placed in the tropical regions. Truly, we are blest with a rarity of scenes; today you can imagine yourself in Canada and tomorrow you may be greeted by the "Land of Flowers."

Mr. J. H. Hall is very sick, we are sorry to learn.

Mr. Pigford, the deputy sheriff, was in our section this week and summoned almost everybody as witnesses in the Bullard Smith slander suit.

Mr. McB. Hall returned home from Hope Mills this week to see his father, who is quite sick.

The timber cutters are jubilant and happy now as timber is bringing a very good price. Several of our boys have returned home full fledged gold bugs and declare Mr. McKinley to be the best President since Andrew Jackson.

Beaver will be almost depopulated next week as nearly all of her rural inhabitants will be gone to court. There will almost be a regiment of witnesses and jurors in Fayetteville from Beaver Dam and some of them never saw the Court house before. We really expect some of 'em to decide to return no more to their rural parents, but to live a metropolitan life henceforth.

The smiling band still continues to do business at the old stand on an enlarged capital. Their business seems to be expanding lately and will soon be very large if some sudden assignment is not made for the benefit of the grinners who oppose smiling.

Don't it rain for a fact! There is a continual freshet in the creeks. There is no trouble in sending off timber or other products that are to float off by the rivers or creeks.

Why don't the Legislature give Chairman Huske a place and be done with it without any further worrying about it. He certainly deserves a place if any man in Cumberland does and why not reward the party workers like Mr. Huske. JACK.

THE FRUITS OF MR. CLEVELAND'S ACTS.

The Gold Standard Fixed by Law.

Says the Washington Post:

Representative Chas. W. Stone, of Pennsylvania, submitted to the House yesterday his report, accompanying the Hill bill, recently reported from the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures; of which Mr. Stone is Chairman. The Hill bill contains an affirmative declaration for the gold standard; a provision for the interchangeability of all forms of money; a separation of the note issue from the fiscal branch of the Treasury Department, and the retirement of the greenbacks. It follows in these particulars the measure prepared by the monetary commission, appointed by the Indianapolis Monetary Convention, but does not provide for banking on business assets.

Repreeentative Stone explains that the Hill bill is conservative in purpose and provision. "It seeks," he continues, "to strengthen, solidify, and fortify our present system rather than to build anew. Its purpose may be defined in three words, 'to remove danger,'" or, perhaps better, the apprehension of danger. It especially seeks to allay at home and abroad all doubt as to the present and permanent quality of our money, and to make and keep the credit of the nation above the reach of successful attack or well-grounded apprehension. How each section of the bill contributes to the accomplishment of this general purpose it is the intent of this report to briefly explain.

REAFFIRMS EXISTING LAW.

"The first section embodies in definite, distinct, and unmistakable terms a recognition of the gold standard in our financial system and of the gold dollar of the present weight and fineness as the unit of value. Your committee do not understand this to be any change of existing law, but rather a reaffirmation thereof, so definite and distinct as to leave no ground for doubt, no basis for discussion or dispute.

"The second section is the natural and logical corollary of the first. It ingrafts the standard therein defined upon all contracts between individuals but preeerves by specific proviso all existing legal-tender laws from any possible inferential repeal or impairment by any of the other sections of the bill. Under it all obligations for the payment of money are payable in the dollars of the standard prescribed in the first section, except in so far as the government heretotore, by vesting in some other dollar legal-tender qualities, has made it receivable in payment of such debts. As a matter of fact, if this bill becomes a law, it will be of no poesible consequence in what particular kind of dollar of the United States a debt is payable, as any one will be as good as any other and every one exchangeable for any other, and the kind of money to be paid and received will be merely a matter of convenience and not of profit or loss."

GOLD RESERVE IN THE TREASURY.

In the chapter referring specifically to the gold reserve in the Treasury, it is explained that there is nothing in the law as it now stands to protect the reserve from being encroached on for the ordinary expenses of the government, whenever the general fund is exhausted; in other words, that the gold reserve is a part of the general fund intended to be maintained as a surplus over and above the amount necessary to meet the ordinary expenses of the government, but in no way protected against them, It is pointed out therefore, that "this bill provides for its separation on the books of the Treasury and its being carried thereon as a distinct fund, not to be used for any purpose except that to which it is by law dedicated. To insure the strict and systematic fulfillment of this purpose, the bill creates a new division in the Treasury Department, having full charge of the issue and redemption of the government demand obligations and exchange of its different kinds of money. These operations are thus kept entirely distinct from the general operations of the Treasury, and are more clearly understood and more systematically and efficiently conducted."

RETIREMENT OF UNITED STATES NOTES.

Upon the subject of the retirement of the United States notes and Treasury notes the report shows that for the first five years "they are retired only as presented for payment in gold and to an amount not to exceed the increase in national bank circulation during the same period. When paid in gold they would be retained in the Treasury till released by the presentation of gold in exchange for them.

"At the end of five years," the report says, "the systematic retirement of our demand notes begins and proceeds for five years as said notes are received by the government in the regular course of business. No compulsion is provided to bring them in, and if the people don't want them retired, they have only to hold on to them and keep them in circulation without their reaching the National Treasury. At the end of ten years they cease to be legal tender, but remain a gold demand obligation of the government and are receivable for all dues to the United States."

Prepare for Spring.

Don't let this season overtake you before you attend to the important duty of puriying your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. By taking this medicine now you may save sickness that will mean time and money as well as suffering later on. Hood's Sarsaparilla will give you rich, red blood, good appetite, good digestion and a sound, healthy body. It is the greatest and best spring medicine because it is the One True Blood Purifier. Its unequalled record of marvelous cures has won for it the confidence of the whole people.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitte of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50-cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

THE LEGISLATURE

Special Star Telegram.)

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb'y 4.—The question as to who will be president of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad is no nearer an answer now than a week ago. Eight of the members of the Board of Internal Improvements have been selected—to be exact, six have been nominated and two practically agreed upon. Whether these men are for Charles Drewry of Goldsboro, or for Senator James A. Bryan of Newbern, nobody appears to know.

Names of members to be of the Board of Intenal Improvements, so far as known are: First District, E. F. Lamb, of Pasquotank, nominated; Second district, J. W. Granger, of Kinston, nominated; Third district, W. J. Adams of Moore, nominated; Fourth district, Armisted Jones of Wake, agreed on; Fifth district, C. M. Parker of Orange, nominated; Sixrh district, E. K. Proctor, of Robson, agreed on; Seventh district, to be nominated; Eighth district, Clement Manly of Forsyth, nominated; Ninth district, W. T. Lee of Haywood, nominated. Of these, it is stated that three are favorable to Mr. Drewry, while two are favorable to Senator Bryan. This leaves three whose leaning is unknown, beside the member from the Seventh district yet to be chosen.

JUDGE NORWOOD'S CASE.

The House Judiciary Committee this afternoon adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That W. L. Norwood, Judge of the Twelfth Judicial district, is liable to impeachment if he has committed any act that may justify it."

This resolution was adopted by a vote of 12 to 6, after three days' discussion of the question. Those who voted against it were Messrs. Justice, Leatherwood, Lee, Winston, Ray and Stubbs: Those who voted for it were Messrs. Patterson, Allen, Gattis, Moore, Robinson, Stevens, Clarkson, Carr, Gilliam, Rountree, Currie and Foushee.

The resolution simply means that the committee has found that Judge Norwood, who still pretends to be judge, despite his resignation through V. S. Lusk, is impeachable. Whether or not he will be impeached is still to be determined by the evidence.

Immediately upon the adoption of the resolution Judge Allen moved that a sub committee of three be appointed to investigate, and report back to the full committee Monday, as to what evidence there is against Judge Norwood, and what method of procedure should be adopted for impeachment. This sub-committee consists of Judge Allen, Mr. Winston and Mr. Foushee. This done, the Judiciary Committee made a favorable report on Mr. Davis' bill to pay Judge Norwood's salary for the months of June, July and August ($588), which was paid to Judge Carter before the courts' decision in Norwood's favor.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Among the bills introduced were the following: To amend the charter of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company; to regulate trials of civil actions before justices of the peace; to amend the charter at Wilmington; to charter the town of Kinston; to allow Fayetteville to operate an electric light and power company; to allow Raleigh to issue $100,000 improvement bonds; to amend and revise the charter of Durham; to amend Section 192 of the Code, as to require residence of a domestic corporation, except railway and telephone companies, to be in the county wherein the corporation has its principal office; to give Raleigh four cotton weighers; o make fees for lien bonds and chattle mortgages combind ten cents for probating and 50 cents for registration, in the counties of Wayne, Wake, Wilson, Johnston, Duplin and Anson.

IMPORTANT MEASURES.

Mr. Winston introduced an important measure looking to the formation of a company to develop and utilize the water power on Roanoke river, especially in the counties of Warren, Northampton and Halifax. The power is to be used for manufacturing purposes, and operation of mills and factories, and for generating, using and applying electricity. It is proposed to sell and lease to individuals and corporations electricity, motor and light power.

The bill reducing fees of all county officers, introduced Friday by Mr. Winston, was made the special order for Monday. At the same time Mr. McNeill's (of Brunswick) bill, reducing all fees one-half, will be considered.

Majority and minority reports were made on the Scotland county bill, and a resolution was introduced by Mr. McLean, of Richmond, to make the bill the special order for Tuesday, at the morning hour, giving each side one and a half hours for debate. The resolution, however, was reached during consideration of the calendar, so the special order was not set.

Among the bills passed during consideration of the calendar were: To allow Jones county to sell its present county home and buy another. To give telephone companies the same rights as telegraph companies enjoy. To incorporate the North Carolina and South Carolina Railroad Company. To change the time of holding the courts in Duplin county. To allow funds to be paid to indigent children without guardians by clerks of court, to the amount of $20.

In accordance with a resolution passed several days ago, the Speaker appointed the following special Committee on Justices of the Peace: Messrs. Noble of Jones, Allen of Nash, Allen of Columbus, Bryan of Granville, Crumpler of Sampson, Yarborough of Caswell.

Carraway of Lenoir was added to the Committee on Education, and Fourshee of Durham to the Committee on Roads.

IN THE SENATE.

The following bills were introduced in the Senate:

By McIntyre, to incorporate the Fire Insurance Company of Robeson county; to incorporate the Granville Railroad Company.

By Brown, to change the Chadbourn township law.

By Williams (by request), to prevent live stock from running at large in Cumberland county; to increase the permanent school fund of the State; also, an act for the better government of the State library. This bill amends the Code by allowing the General Assembly to elect the State libarian, and provides for a board of trustees of five residents of the city of Raleigh, who are to be nominated and elected by the Legislature. It fixes the hours of keeping the library open and repeals the Fusion tax law of 1895, giving the Legislature power to elect the librarian. The bill is a substitute for several heretofore introduced affecting the library. Also to amend the charter of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, and to enable this road to co operate with other roads.

Bills passed as follows: To authorize the citizens of Fayetteville to receive 25 per cent. of the taxes for the year 1898, in full payment; to provide for the refunding of the indebtedness of Union county and for payment of same; to repeal Chapter 510, creating a State Board of Equalization; to amend Chapter 48 of the Code, by giving telephone and telegraph companies greater rights in condemnation for the right of way; to change the charter of Chadbourn in Columbus county.

THE ASYLUM BILL.

At 12 o'clock the Asylum bill was taken up. Amendments of the subcommittee composed of Daniels, Hicks, Speight and Travis, were unanimously endorsed. They provide that the dangerously insane shall be cared for in wards assigned for that purpose, and known as a hospital for the dangerous and criminal insane, and the board of directors of the State hospital at Raleigh shall have full control and management of their wards, which shall, by partitions and walls, be separated from the penitentiary, and the hospital shall not be considered a part of the penitentiary. The board of directors of the penitentiary, however, shall furnish all labor free of charge, and all material at cost necessary for building these walls and partitions, and for placing the wards and apartments in such condition as the board of directors of the State hospital may require. The sexes and races shall be kept in separate wards and apartments and under care of physicians selected by the board. The inebriates, to be confined in any hospital, must be such as are described in Section 1671 of the Code and acts amendatory thereof.

The House Committee on Education today decided to report a bill for the establishment of the Vance textile school as a department of the A. and M. College. The bill calls for the approdriation of $10,000 for the building. Mill men agree to furnish the machinery.

THE WAR BREAKS OUT.

THE CLASH BETWEEN THE AMERICAN TROOPS AND FILIPINOS COMES WITH TERRIBLE RESULTS.

Thousands of Filipinos Reported Killed—American Casualties About 200.

The long expected clash between the Filipinos and the American troops at Manila began Saturday night and fearful slaughter followed. What effect this battle will have on the vote on the Peace Treaty at 3 o'clock this afternoon remains to be seen.

The first news was a dispatch from Admiral Dewey to the Navy Department as follows:

Manila, Feb. 5.

To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington:

"The insurgents here inaugurated a general engagement yesterday night, which was continued today. The American army and navy are generally successful. The insurgents have been driven back and our lines advanced. No casualties to the navy.

DEWEY."

At 9:55 last night the following was received:

Manila, Feb. 5.

To General Greeley, Chief Signal Officer, Washington:

"The action has continued since early morning. The losses are quite heavy. Everything is favorable to our arms.

THOMPSON."

Colonel Thompson is the chief signal officer on the staff of General Otis.

At 1:15 this morning (Monday) the following was received:

"Manila, Feb. 5.

"To the Adjutant General:

"The situation is most satisfactory and no apprehensoin need be felt. Perfect quite prevails in the city and vicinity. The list of casualties is being prepared and will be forwarded as soon as possible. The troops are in excellent health and spirits. OTIS."

ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLE.

A press dispatch from Manila at 5:15 yesterday afternoon gives the following account of the battle:

The long expected rupture between the Americans and the Filipinos has come at last. The former arenow engaged in solving the Phillippine problem with the utmost expedition possible. The clash came at 8:40 yesterday evening, when three daring Filipinos darted past the Nebraska regiment's pickets, at Santa Mesa, but retired when challenged. They repeated the experiment without drawing the sentries' fire, but the last time Corporal Greeley challenged the Filipinos and then fired, killing one of them and wounding another. Almost immediately afterward the Filipino line, from Calvocan, commenced a fusilade which was ineffectual. The Nebraska, Montana and North Dakota outposts replied vigorously and held their ground until re-enforcements arrived.

The Filipinos, in the meantime, concentrated at three points, Calvocan, Gagalangin and Santa Mesa. At about 1 o'clock the Filipinos opened a hot fire from all three places simultaneously. This was supplemented by the fire of two siege guns at Balik Balik and by advancing their skirmishers at Paico and Pandacan. The Americans responded with a terrific fire, but owing to the darkness they were unable to determine its effect. The Utah Light Artillery finally succeeded in silencing the native battery. The Third Artillery also did good work on the extreme left. The engagement lasted over an hour.

The United States cruiser Charleston and the gun boat Concord, stationed off Malabona, opened fire from their secondary batteries on the Filipinos' position at Calvocan and kept it up vigorously. At 2:45 there was another fusilade along the entire line and the United States monitor Monadnock opened fire on the enemy from off Malate. With daylight the Americans advanced.

The California and Washington regiments made a splendid charge and drove the Filipinos from the village of Paico and Cantemosa. The Nebraska regiment also distinguished itself, capturing several prisoners and one howitzer and a very strong position at the reservoir, which is connected with the water works. The Kansas and Dokata regiments compelled the enemy's right flank to retire to Calvocan. There was intermittent firing at various points all day long.

The losses of the Filipinos cannot be estimated at present, but they are known to be considerable. The American losses are estimated at 20 killed and 125 wounded.

The Ygorates, armed with bows and arrows, made a very determined stand in the face of a hot artillery fire and left many dead on the field. Several attempts were made in this city yesterday evening to assassinate American officers.

All forms of scrofula, sores, boils, pimples and eruptions, are quickly and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

For the Repeal of Purchase Tax

Mr. W. F. Leak, President of the Cape Fear Dry Goods Company, went to Raleigh Monday with a petition from the merchants of Fayetteville asking for the repeal of the purchase tax.

Raleigh Will Get the Textile School.

The House Committee on Education Saturday decided to report a bill for the establishment of the Vance Textile School as a department of the A. & M. College, the building to cost $10,000.

The Electric Light Bill.

As will be seen in the Legislature proceedings of Saturday published in another column, Mr. Robinson has introduced the bill authorizing Fayetteville to issue bonds to the amount of $15,000 for the purchase and construction of an electric light plant.

A Bad Accident.

Will Hawkins, a colored boy, while cleaning one of the big plate glass windows at the front entrance of the Cape Fear Dry Goods Company's Store, was precipitated through the window by the turning over of a box on which he stood. His right arm was dreadfully cut and the window shattered to pieces.

Death of Mr. C. S. Russell's Father.

Dr. Russell, a prominent physician of South Carolina, and father of our townsman, Mr. C. S. Russell, proprietor of the Carolina Machine Works, died at his home in Spartanburg Saturday morning of heart disease. Both his sons were with him during his last hours.

The Atlantic and Ydakin Officers

The stockholders of the Atlantic and Yadkin R. R. Company, (C. F. & Y. V.) are in session in Wilmington today. It is understood that the following will be the officers of the nes corporation:

G. W. Elliott, President.
H. Walters, Vice-President.
J. R. Kenley, General Manager.
T. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager.
J. F. Post, Jr., Treasurer.
W. N. Riach, General Auditor.
H. M. Emerson, Gen. F'g't Agt.
E. Borden, Supt. Transportation.

The Body Sent Home.

The body of Henry Leak, who was killed on the C. F. & Y. V. Friday night, was sent to Rockingham, the home of the dead man, on Saturday afternoon, the C. F. & Y. V. defraying the expenses.

How About Fayetteville?

The House Committee on public buildings and grounds yesterday reported favorably on public buildings at Elizabeth City, Winston and Durham, each to cost $50,000. Fayetteville should surely have a public building, and another effort should be made before Congress.

Meeting of County Commissioners.

The Board of County Commissioners met in regular session Monday with A. B. Williams, chairman, and W. H. Downing and D. G. Blue, and Jno. G. Shaw, attorney, present.

Ed. L. Pope, David Jones and Isaac Branch and wife, Ester McLaurin, Mrs. W. C. Davis and Martha Reiley were added to the poor list.

The bond of C. P. Overby, auctioneer, was accepted.

The reports of the several county officers were read and approved.

The jail account was filed. Federal prisoners $38 70, conveying lunatic to asylum $14 10.

For auditing county officers' accounts: E. H. Evans $15.50, H. R. Horne $16 70 and W. N. Tillinghast $20.50.

G. W. Graham was allowed $3.00 for 3 days service as registrar at Cabin Branch.

S. W. Hall was appointed janitor for February at $5.00 per month.

D. G. Blue was allowed $12.20 for 4 days' service as commissioner and mileage.

An election was ordered to be held within the bounds indicated below to ascertain whether or not they would have a stock law fence to-wit: Beginning at a point in Flea Hill stock law fence at the foot of the Sand Hill below the Old Joel Williams Mill Creek, and running with the edge of said Sand Hill to McLaurin's old mill site and connecting there with the Cedar Creek stock law fence. Said territory to form a part of the Flea Hill stock law territory. T. R. Bullard was appointed registrar and H. G. Bullock and R. W. Bullard poll holders. Election to be held March 9th at T. R. Bullard's residence.

The following wore appointed fence commissioners for Gray's Creek stock law: A. A. McQueen, Duncan Davis and Jno. B. Butler.

The following bonds were called in, to take effect on or before 1st of May, 1892: Nos. 49, 76, 78, 66, 72, 17 and 48—$100, and Nos. 6 and 18—$500.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, The famous little pills.

A Skin Disease

In a Terrible Condition with Scrofula Sores

Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is Better than for 10 Years.

"I had a skin disease which was very troublesome. I took a great deal of strong medicine which did not do me any good and I was at last obliged to give up. I was in a sort of stupor some of the time. Scrofula sores broke out and I could get nothing to do me any good. My daughter told me of a woman who was afflicted as I was and who found relief in Hood's Sarsaparilla. I concluded to try this medicine. At that time I was in a terrible condition with sores on my head and body. The first few doses of Hood's Sarsaparilla seemed to give me relief, and in a short time the sores began to heal. My appetite improved and I felt like a new man. I am now in better health than for 10 years." S. M. GRIER, Winnsboro, Fairfield Co., Little River, South Carolina. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25c.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Run Over and Killed by a C. F. & Y. V. Freight.

At 11:30 p. m. Friday night a negro man named Henry Leak was run over and killed by the north-bound C. F. & Y. V. freight near the junction.

Leak and another negro were at the junction for the purpose of boarding the train as it passed. The train did not stop, but Leak decided to make the attempt, and caught at the bars under a box car with the purpose of swinging himself upon the trucks. In a few minutes the negro who remained behind heard some one crying out in pain and, going to the spot, found Leak lying alongside the track terribly mangled. The train had gone on, no one aboard evidently having knowledge of the terrible occurrence.

Help was summoned, and shortly a number of persons were on the scene, including Dr. McGougan. The man, however, was beyond assistance and nothing could be done but to relieve his sufferings as much as possible. Though both his legs were cut off and his body horribly mangled, he lived for one hour and ten minutes, conscious up to within half an hour of his death. He gave his name as Henry Leak and his home as Rockingham.

An inquest was held Saturday at the undertaker's establishment of J. R. McNeill & Son.

CORONER'S VERDICT.

"We, the undersigned jury of inquest over the body of Henry Leak, after hearing the evidence, do find that said Henry Leak came to his death by attempting in the night time to board a moving train, on the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, by attempting to catch the rods under the car while moving and that the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co. is exonerated from all blame in the same.

Jas. E. Caveness, Coroner,
M. J. Crumpler,
W. B. Jackson,
C. F. Jones,
G. D. Breece,
A. McR. Averitt,
E. M. Judd."

The C. F. & Y. V. officials have telegraphed to the man's parents at Rockingham offering to send his body there for burial.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, Editor of the Micanopy (Fla) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from LaGrippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. King Bros.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

Let It Be Tobacco.

Let every farmer in Cumberland county, who possibly can, plant ten acres in tobacco, and build at least one barn. From the 15th to March 1st is the time for planting. Already a number of our farmers have agreed to plant a sufficient acreage ro ensure the building of a large warehouse in this city.

Those who have planted tobacco in this county heretofore have demonstrated the fact that it will pay, and that it is a far better crop than cotton or corn, and, in every instance, are increasing their acreage.

Put ten acres in tobacco, farmers and you and your county will soon flourish.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic

prepared from the fresh juice of Lemons combined with other vegetable liver tonics, cathartics, aromatic stimulants. Sold by druggists, 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

For biliousness and constipation.
For indigestion and foul stomach.
For sick and nervous headaches.
For palpitation and heart failure take Lemon Elixir.
For sleeplessness and nervous prostration.
For loss of appetite and debility.
For fevers, malaria, and chills take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulations, take Lemon Elixir.

Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach or kidneys.

50 and $1 bottles at all druggists.

Prepared only by Dr H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

At the Capitol.

I have just taken the last of two bottles of Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for nervous headache, indigestion, with diseased liver and kidneys. The Elixir cured me. I found it the greatest medicine I ever used.

J. H. MENNICH, Attorney.
1225 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

W. A. James, Bell Station, Ala., writes: I have suffered greatly from indigestion or dyspepsia, one bottle of Lemon Elixir did me more good than all the medicine I have ever taken.

MOZLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable

25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

daily sat and weekly

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

News of Interest.

At the meeting of the N. C. Car Service Association in Wilmington Friday, Capt. J. W. Fry, General Manager of the C. F. & Y. V., presided. Among those present was Capt. I. W. Clark of this city.

The decision of the democratic caucus, says the Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger, that the legislative session shall end February 25th was not unexpected. The argument was made long ago that it might be very necessary for the legislature to meet again in 1900 in case there was any trouble regarding the franchise amendment to the constitution which is to be voted on in August of that year. The legislature is entitled to sit 60 days. By adjourning or rather taking a recess February 25th it will have about two weeks of remaining life.

The inquiry ordered by the house of representatives as to what members had forfeited their seats by reason of accepting other offices ended yesterday with the finding by the judiciary committee that Major-General Wheeler, a member from Alabama; Colonel James R. Campbell, of Illinois; Colonel David G. Colson, of Kentucky, and Major Edward E. Robbins, of Pennsylvania, had vacated their seats in the house by accepting commissions in the army.

GULF SAYINGS.

GULF, N. C., Feb'y 4, 1899.

On account of the inclement weather the Baptist Union meeting, which began at Bethany church Friday, January 28th, was postponed.

Miss Louise Ausley, who was severely hurt by a fall a few days ago, is reported better.

Miss Daisy Edwards, of Staley, is visiting the family of Mr. A. P. Gilbert.

Mrs. E. D. Nall has been quite sick for several days.

Dr. W. S. Lacy of Norfolk, Va., is the guest of Mr. W. S. Russell.

Miss Kate Houston, of Hillsboro, is visiting the family of Mr. Syke Johnson. DONTON.

BLADEN COUNTY ITEMS.

DUBLIN, BLADEN CO., N. C., February 4, 1899.

Daniel Currie, one of Bladen's oldest citizens, died at his home near Little Sugar Loaf on the 28th ult.

Jessie Munn, of Tar Heel, is in Fayetteville studying telegraphy.

Capt. D. Munn and daughter, Miss Lida, visited relatives on South river last week.

Z. T. Beatty, Esq., of Gravel Hill, is very sick and not expected to live.

In the death of Col. John A. McDowell Bladen county loses one of its most prominent men and North Carolina a distinguished citizen,

We are all glad to learn that Hon. F. P. Jones, the contestant from this district has been admitted to his seat in the Senate.

J. J. MCMILLAN.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

A. B. WILLIAMS, COTTON BUYER,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON

Middling	6¼
Good Middling	6-40
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	42c
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	1 70
Yellow Dip	1 70
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.35@$2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.10 @ 2.35
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—	9
" —ham	10½a12½
" —sides	9
" —shoulders	8½
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	45a50
" —mixed	40@45
" —white,	55a65
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	50@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	46@47½
Onions—select—per bushel	70@90
Lard—N. C.	7@7½
Tallow	2½@4
Ducks	18@20
Hens—per head	20@25
Roosters—per head	17½a 20
Turkeys—per lb	7½ a 8
Guineas	16@17½
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	16 a 20
Honey—strained—per lb	9 a 10
Eggs,	9a10
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish	90@120
Potatoes—Sweet	35 a 45
Pork	4½@5

Doubles the Pleasure of a Drive.

A fine carriage doubles the pleasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriages or harness can save dollars by sending for the large, free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., FEB'Y 9, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correpondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

I DEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cyrus Murphy—Wanted.
Clyde Line—Sailing Days.
J. B. Troy—Bridge Bonds Called In.
County of Cumberland —Statement.
J. N. Kelly—Buggy and Harness Repair Shop.

On this page appears to-dav the statement of the accounts of Cumberland County, prepared by the auditing committee, Messrs. H. R. Horne, W. N. Tillinghast and E. H. Evans, and published by authority of the Board of Commissioners.

The Criminal Court in Session.

Democrats are in charge of the first court that has convened in Cumberland county, Criminal or Superior, since before the January term, 1895, at which term the rep pop combination took charge.

The Criminal Court of Cumberland county was convened by Sheriff Burns Monday, with Judge Dorsey Battle, presiding, Solicitor C. M. McLean, prosecuting and Major McKethan occupying the Clerk's desk. Those who heard Judge Battle's charge to the grand jury say it was an exceedingly able one, expounding the law most clearly and concise.

The following is a list of the grand jury, of which Mr. E. E. Gorham was appointed foreman and Mr. J. W. Hollingsworth officer:

J. P. Darden, J. B. Bryant, R. J. Davis, W. M. Pope, S. L Thornton, C. M. Watson, Vann Johnson, D. McN. Ray, M P. Blue, D. D. Copps, J. W. Ellis, D. J. Horne, H. C. Bullock, W. S. Fisher, J. H. Weatherington, W. J Darden, E. E. Gorham and Marion Stevens.

The first work of the grand jury was the finding of a true bill against James Ray for the killing of Jno. Alston in 71st week before last. Ray will be arraigned this afternoon and a special venire ordered.

Only one case was disposed of this morning, State vs. Arthur White and Ammie Butler, for an affray, fined costs.

Court Notes.

TUESDAY.

As stated in yesterday's paper, Jas. Ray was arraigned yesterday afternoon for the murder of John Alston and a special venire of 50 men were ordered. He pleaded not guilty. The case will be heard to-morrow.

The following cases were disposed of yesterday afternoon: State vs. Joe James, obtaining money under false pretense. Jury's verdict not guilty.

State vs. Delia King, keeping a disorderly house. Jury's verdict not guilty.

State vs. Wm. Bowman, carrying concealed weapon. Verdict guilty. Judgment reserved.

This morning the following cases were disposed of:

State vs. Weldon Williams, assault and battery. Verdict guilty. Judgment reserved.

State vs. Frank McLaurin, assault with deadly weapon. Verdict guilty. Judgment reserved.

The grand jury have returned the following true bills: Jas. Ray, murder; Frank McLaurin, a. d. w.; Weldon Williams, a. and b; Ammer Williams, a. and b.; Oscar Jernigan, assault; Rory McLean and J. M. Morgan, larceny; Ed. Smith, assault, Geo. McAllister, larceny; Oscar Jernigan, l. and r.

Criminal Court Notes — Ray Submits and Gets Seven Years.

Jas. Ray, the negro, charged with the murder of Jno. Alston, in 71st three weeks ago, and for whose trial today a special venire had been summoned, was allowed to submit to a verdict of manslaughter, and was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

The following cases were tried yesterday afternoon:

Geo. McAllister, larceny, guilty; verdict not yet rendered.

Oscar Jernigan, larceny, guilty; sentenced to 12 months in the penitentiary. This is the boy who snatched Mrs. Morrow's pocketbook out of her hand on Haymount last fall.

Jno. McPhail, larceny, guilty; sentenced to 12 months in the pen.

Rory McLean, larceny, guilty, 12 months in pen.

The Grand Jury have returned the following additional true bills:

Sarah Dark, l. and r.; Jno. McPhail, l. and r.; Ed. Lomax, a. and b.; and Francis Roberts, a. d. w.

The Bullard Smith slander case was compromised between the parties, and the action dismissed.

The Grand Jury has not yet returned a bill against J. C. Currie and others for failure to hold the election in Quewhiffle township.

The case against the Flea Hill fence commissioners, Josiah Cook, J. C. Geddie, H. H. Bolton, D. J. Breece and M. Maxwell, for failure to keep up repairs on said fence, is set for trial tomorrow.

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash av., corner Jackson-st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for la grippe, as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of la grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

Death of Mr. Wm. Love.

We have just learned of the death in Quewhiffle township of Mr. Wm. Love, well known to many of our older citizens. He was a man of sterling character, and though about 75 years old, it has not been so many years since he was hunting deer and turkeys in his native forests, a pursuit which made his name famous throughout Cumberland county.

He leaves a wife but no children.

The River Still Rising—Will it Equal the Pop. Freshet?

At 8 a. m. Monday morning the river guage registered 41 feet, two feet above the danger point.

Great banks of drift-wood are pilled against the Clarendon bridge and there are fears for its safety. If it should go, the handsome iron bridge of the Atlantic and Yadkin railroad would surely be swept away. It is said, but there is no truth in the rumor, that the C. F. & Y. V. has a man employed at the river to watch the Clarendon bridge in time of a freshet and if the structure shows any signs of giving away to set fire to it, afterwards compensating the county for the loss. The old bridge, however, stood many hard strains and will probably stand many more. There is only one weak spot in it so far as we can learn, and that is one of the pillows, around which a willow tree sprouted, its roots taking hold in the mortor and growing into the brick work, thus threatening to rend asunder the whole pillar.

The River Still Rising

There was 50.8 feet of water in the Cape Fear at 8 o'clock this morning and the water still rising. By tomorrow morning it is estimated the high water mark will be reached, about 54 feet, or 4 feet short of the Populist fresh.

This fresh has already been immortalized—it is called the Dispensary fresh.

The Clarendon bridge is in no danger as the drift, though in great quantities, is not made up of much heavy timber.

The Hurt is due from Wilmington this afternoon.

DECIDE AGAINST A VOTE.

The Senate Committee 7 to 1.

The Senate Judiciary Committee, composed of nineteen members, yesterday afternoon, with seven members present, voted against leaving the Dispensary question to a vote of the people. There was a lengthly hearing, at which both sides were ably represented, and many really fine speeches were made. The hearing took place in the Senate Chamber, which was almost filled by the delegations from Fayetteville and disinterested spectators. The galleries were also filled with women.

Notwithstanding the fact that Senator Williams and Representatives Robinson and Ray, Hon. G. M. Rose, ex-Speaker of the House, Maj. Hale, of the State Central Committee, Mr. W. W. Huske, County Democratic Chairman, Dr. Lilly, President of the Bank of Fayetteville, Mr. Jas. R. Williams, President of the Fayetteville Oil Mill, Mr. Walter Holt, President of the Holt-Morgan and Holt-Williamson Mills, Mr. Herbert Luterloh, probably the largest property owner in Fayetteville, and many of the leading citizens and merchants, pleaded eloquently with the Senators for submission to a vote, together with written statements from every Democratic officer in Cumberland, save one, and his name was on the petition asking that the matter be left to a vote, that they were practically pledged to a vote, the committee gave the above recorded almost unanimous decision.

The Raleigh correspondent of this morning's Wilmington Messenger says:

The question of leaving the Cumberland dispensary matter to a vote of the people, after being adversely disposed of by the house, came up before the senate judiciary committee this evening in the form of substitute for the bill introduced by Senator Williams. Many representatives for and against the dispensary were present, and divided in war like attitude on either side of senate chamber. Personalities of a drastic nature was so frequent that chairman Skinner several times interposed on point of order.

Senator Williams spoke for his bill and declared the democratic party was pledged to leave the dispensary matter to a vote of the people of Cumberland. He characterized the dispensary as an institution saddled upon Cumberland in revenge for the defeat of the Sutton and Wemyss police bill two years ago.

Representative Robinson said he was in favor of the bill and that the interest of the democratic party were jeopardized if it did not carry out its promises against trusts and monopolies and for local self-government.

George M. Rose was for leaving the dispensary to a popular vote. He said it was not a matter of sentiment or morals for legislative consideration, but purely the fulfilment of a political contract, and anything short of this would be an act of bad faith He was supported by E J. Hale, who submitted a petition of 1,200 citizens and letters from the county officers asking that the question be solved by a local vote and stating that Mr. Robinson's bill is the embodiment of democratic purpose.

Similar speeches were made by W. W. Huske, chairman of the democratic executive committee, Representative Ray and others.

Dr. J. W. McNeill read a petition from 1,667 citizens of Cumberland, requesting the legislature to take no action which will restore liquor saloons and stating that the 1,900 negro voters hold the balance of power and will swing in line with the liquor men when it comes to a vote.

This argument and the evils of saloons were the contention of the dispensary people, who, in speech making were further represented by John A. Oates, Jr., Z. B. Newton and Evangelist Leavitt.

The committee decided by a vote of 6 to 1 in favor of the dispensary as it stands without leaving the question to a vote.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. King Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Major Hale on the Result.

The following dispatch was received this afternoon:

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 8 h.
Observer, Fayetteville, N. C:—

Submission of Dispensary to vote of people was defeated by the sentiment of sympathy with the anti liquor movement. The Cumberland Democratic position that the party was pledged was impregnable and was not successfully assailed.

E J. HALE.

Death of Mr. Wm. Hybart.

Mr. W. H. Hybart, a well known citizen of this county, died at the Asylum in Raleigh yesterday evening. His body will arrive here this afternoon for burial.

Hope Mills Wants a Dispensary.

We learn that some of the citizens of Hope Mills want a dispensary opened up in that thriving little city and that a bill will be introduced in the Legislature to that effect.

Quewhiffle and Beaver Dam in Town.

Quewhiffle and Beaver Dam townships are well represented in the city this week, a great number of persons from those places attending court, the former witnesses in the case against Currie and others for failure to hold an election in Quewhiffle and the latter as interested parties in the Bullard Smith slander suit.

Dewey Said He'd Blow Up Manila.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 6.—Admiral Dewey has notified Gen. Aguinaldo that if the insurgents accidentally entered Manila he'd blow it to mortar and stone.

Two men of the Monadnock were wounded yesterday, one seriously.

Will We Have to Fight Germany.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The Government has determined to discover who recently supplied the insurgents with modern guns and ammunition. A prominent official is authority for the statement that German agencies have largely supplied the Filipinos with arms. He said thirty thousand stands of arms were secured at Hong Kong for Aguinaldo by a German firm, and that the German consular agent there was instrumental in effecting the pur chase.

Terrible Losses.

By cable to the Observer.)

Manila, February 6—The scene in the environs of the city is one of terrible desolation. The fighting continued all yesterday in a desultory manner. The Filipinos were utterly routed with terrible slaughter. The best information obtainable is that their losses are four thousand. The natives were confidently aggressive and were wholly unprepared for the terrific punishment the Americans inflicted from the outset. The American troops suffered a loss of forty killed and one hundred and fifty wounded. Thirteen thousand Americans and twenty thousand Philipinos were engaged.

Natives Firing From Windows.

By cable to the Observer.)

Manila, Feb. 7.—The Americans now have a steamer line to Matabon. Six hundred marines with four maxims landed on the beach north of the city. Among the important points captured is the strong embrasured earthworks within sight of Coloocn. There was considerable firing from the upper windows of the native quarter of the city last night but no casualties.

Aguinaldo Issues Two Proclamations.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 7th.—Aguinaldo issued two proclamations, one Saturday and one Sunday. In the first he declares that the Americans opened the fight and calls upon the Filipino congress to suspend the constitution. In the second he says: "We have fought our ancient oppressors without arms and we now trust God to defend us against foreign invaders."

The Nebraskans have recovered the lost parts of the pumps, insuring a speedy resumption of the water supply in the city.

Sharp Fighting Continued Yesterday.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 7.—There was a sharp engagement half a mile from Singalon, Monday between the Fourth Nebraska aided by part of the Utah battery with a Filipino force. The Nebraskans lost one dead and three wounded. Gen. Hale's brigade captured the water works, at Singalon and the Filipinos fled in disorder taking along the valves, heads, steam chest and cylinder pumping machine. Dr. Young, ex quartermaster of the third artillery was captured, killed and horribly mutilated. Ovenshine's brigade took Paranque and two field guns without opposition. McArthur's division has advanced beyond Gagalonquin, forcing the Filipinos to retreat upon Caloocan. The Division sustained no loss.

General Otis Cables To Day—Insurgents Surround Manila.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, Feb. 7.—General Otis cables the Adjutant General as follows:

Manila, Feb. 7.—"The insurgent army were concentrated around Manila from Luzon provinces numbering over 20,000. Several with quick firing and Krupp guns in good positions. A great many rifles were captured from the insurgents who used great quantities of ammunition. Quite a number of Spaniards operated the insurgent artillery. The insurgents constructed entrenchments near our lines, mostly of bamboo. Our men charged these killing or capturing many of the enemy. Our casualties aggregate two hundred and fifty. Casualties to insurgents very heavy; have already buried some five hundred of their dead and hold five hundred prisoners. Their killed and wounded amounts probably to four thousand. We took the water works and pumping station yesterday, six miles out. There was considerable skirmishing, but the enemy made no stand. The pumps are damaged, but will be working in a week. A number of condensers have been set up in the city and will supply good water. The troops are in good spirits and quiet prevails."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Aguinaldo Asks For a Conference.

By cable to the Observer.

London, February 8—2:00 p. m.—Authoritative reports just received here state that Aguinaldo, demoralized by the Filipino reverses, has asked for a conference with General Otis for the purpose of suspending hostilities.

Agoncillo Heard From.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Feb. 8.—The Filipino Junta here has received a cablegram from Agoncillo at Montreal dated 7th, deploring the hostilities "which have had the effect of securing the ratification of the Peace Treaty." Agoncillo says he believes the outbreak was provoked by the Americans to insure the ratification of the treaty, and declares that the Filipinos were far from being the aggressors and were taken by surprise and unprepared.

Gen. Rios Cables About the Fight.

By cable to the Observer

Madrid, Feb. 8.—General Rios, the Spanish commandant at Manila, cables that the Americans repulsed the Filipinos after twenty hours' fighting, and that the Filipinos now occupy our old advance posts. The American artillery and squadron guns destroyed several villages in the neighborhood. They are treating the population with much severity and there are many arrests being made in Manila. Troops occupy the streets and the natives are prevented from circulating. Though hostilities have ceased, I have no news from the rest of the archipelago and am anxious about our prisoners.

Cable From Otis To-Day—Kansans Routed the Enemy Yesterday.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, February 8.—The following from Gen. Otis was received at the War Department to-day:

"Manila, February 8.—The situation is rapidly improving. In a reconnoissance yesterday, south several miles, east to Lagurnarlo Bay, and north-east eight miles, driving the straggling insurgents in various directions, we encountered no decided opposition. The insurgent army is disintegrated. The natives are returning to the villages and are displaying white flags near Caloocan. The enemy made a stand six miles north behind an entrenchment. The Kansas regiment, led by Col. Funston, charged and, closely encountering the enemy, routed him with very heavy loss.

"The Kansans lost Lieut. Alford, killed, and six wounded.

"The night of the 4th Gen. Aguinaldo issued a proclamation charging the Americans with the initiative. He declared war Sunday and issued another calling upon all to resist foreign invasion. His influence in this section is destroyed. He now applies for a cessation of hostilities and a conference. I have declined to answer him.

"The insurgent expectation of a rising in this city on the night of the 4th was unrealized. The provost marshal, with admirable disposition of the troops, defeated every attempt. The city is quiet and business is resumed. The natives are respectful and cheerful. The fighting qualities of the American troops was a revelation to all the inhabitants.

[Signed] "OTIS, Commanding."

To-Days News from Manila—Natives Concentrating Around the City.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Feb. 8 —A second incursion of small bodies of Insurgents resulting in the retirement of nearby outposts from Santa Mesa, Tuesday created excitement last night, but not a shot was fired, matters were amicably adjusted. The Filipinos arrested all Americans within their lines. Several of our soldiers are reported missing, but there is no official confirmation of this report. The situation is sufficiently critical to warrant a reconnoisance. The recently converted gunboats are now patrolling the river nightly and are having a good effect on the natives. They carry two six pounders forward, two Nordenfelt amidships, four Gatlings and an improvised turret aft and crews of sixty. The Insurgents continue concentrating their forces around the city. The latest addition is a body of two hundred naked Ygaratas, armed with spears and stationed at Caloocan. The native papers make a great fuss over these volunteers.

To Demand the Surrender of Illoilo.

Washington, February 8.—For the first time since the Saturday and Sunday engagements the War Department yesterday sent instruction to General Otis for his guidance on questions which had arisen through the ratification of the peace treaty. It is certain that they had something to do with Aguinaldo's request for a conference. The department approved General Otis's declination to parley.

Important news concerning Iloilo was received from General Otis to-day. There is reason to believe that he has sent reinforcements to General Miller with instruction to demand the surrender of Iloilo and if refused to take the town by force.

"MILK WEED CREAM MAKES WINSOME FACES." IT IS MARVELOUSLY GOOD for THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. CALL FOR A FREE SAMPLE AT THE FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.

Buggy and Harness Repair Shop

where first-class work can be had at

Very Reasonable Charges.

Your work is respectfully solicited.
J. N. KELLY,
At G. A. Burns' Livery Stable.

COLD WEATHER COOKING
—IS MADE—
DELICIOUS
—AND—
WHOLESOME
—WITH—
CAROLINA BAKING POWDER.

Cake and Breads made with Carolina keep moist and fresh and do not dry up as when made with low grade powders containing ammonia or alum.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
Manufactured by
H. R. HORNE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

General County Fund.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR.
For the General County Fund from Feb'y 13, 1897.

To amount received from Sheff. McD. Geddie,	$41,918 05	By paid for poor—outside,	$1,798 64
" amounts received from Register McCaskill, marriage licenses,	311 60	" do poor house,	1,714 03
" costs and fines received,	61 53	" paid costs of courts,	5,563 47
" hire of prisoners "	28 50	" paid insolvents,	2,276 32
" rec'd for feeding U. S. prisoners,	555 65	" paid cost of elections,	1,035 72
" rec'd for newer privileges,	40 00	" paid for bridges,	1,584 73
" rec'd for sale of old lumber,	1 10	" do roads,	119 38
" rec'd for land sale taxes of W. H. Pope,	119 43	" do levying taxes,	1,246 15
" refunded by Manly & Co.,	103 95	" refunded double tax to Cumberland mills,	221 00
" rebate of freight,	2 23	" pd expenses and services of refunding committee,	432 34
" rec'd of J. B. Troy, bal. due on jail fund,	50 12	" paid auditing committee,	334 00
" am't transferred from the new court house fund by order of county commissioners,	1,024 00	" paid asylum,	454 90
		" paid printing,	280 70
		" paid stationery,	60 01
		" paid county commissioners—services,	2,022 05
		" paid county attorneys,	599 50
		" paid old judgments,	1,754 18
		" notes at bank, $1,200.00	
		" renewals do 1,265.60	2,465 60
		" pd inter't on notes at bank paid 54.60	
		" do do rew'l, 434.40	489 00
		" pd in't to J. C. Stedman for 1 year on $1,000 note,	60 00
		" pd in't coupons on new bonds payable in N. Y.,	6,555 65
		" pd exchanges and charges on same,	16 67
		" pd cost of inquests,	79 25
		" pd in't coupons on old b'ds,	2,845 50
		" pd for court house—including fixtures and furniture,	1,185 01
		" pd for jail,	5,196 06
		" pd for jail coupons,	528 00
		" pd for sewerage and lit'g'n	1,038 78
		" pd county physician,	823 00
		" pd expenses for insane,	60 85
		" pd new court house,	3 00
		" pd Fayetteville Independent Lt. Infantry Co.,	50 00
		" pd Clarendon bridge—C. W. Wright,	5 00
		" pd rewards—arrest $25, wild cat $5,	30 00
		" pd damages to M. Bill,	10 00
		" pd conveying prisoners to penitentiary,	57 25
		" pd expenses U. S. pris'ers,	140 50
	$44,216 16		$43,136 24
		" 1½ commission on $43,142 04 receipts,	539 28
		" do do do 43, 136 24 disbursements,	539 20
1898.		1898.	
Dec'r 5. To balance due,	$1 44	Dec. By balance,	1 44
			$44,216 16

School Fund.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR.

1897.		By amt's paid white teachers	$10,930 90
Feb'y 13—To am't received of John B. Troy, retiring Treasurer,	$1,047 36	" " " colored "	8,230 20
To amounts received from Sheriff McD. Geddie,	19,832 25	" " " sundries for white schools,	851 24
" fines and costs rec'd of Clerk,	69 26	" " " sundries for colored schools,	766 52
" incorporation tax rec'd,	190 00	" " " expenses of the school board,	$348 76
" rec'd of State Sup't of Schools,	833 94		$21,127 62
" rec'd of Cumberland Co. Dispensary,	3,000 00	" 2 per cent. commission on disbursements,	422 55
" rec'd of the School Examiner,	263 00	1898.	
" rec'd for sale of School House. &c.,	3 15	Dec.—Balance due,	3,700 04
" am't overdrawn by a teacher—refunded,	11 25		
	$25,250 21		$25,250 21
1898.			
Dec. 5—To balance due	$3,700 04		

Clarendon Bridge Fund.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR.

1897.		By paid repairs,	$ 444 97
Feb'y 13—To am't rec'd from John B. Troy, retiring treasurer,	$1,031 50	" " fire insurance,	275 00
To am't received from Sheriff McD. Geddie,	5,850 65	" " interest coupons,	2,296 00
		" " bonds,	708 56
			3,724 53
		" 1½ per cent commission on receipts of $5,850.65,	73 14
		" 1½ per cent. commission on disbursements of $3,724.53	46 56
		1898.	
		Dec.—Balance due,	3,037 92
	$6,882 15		$6,882 15
1898			
Dec. 5—To balance due,	$3,037 92		

New Court House.

DR. JOHN R. SMITH, County Treasurer, in acc't with Cumberland Co. CR.

1897.		By paid coupons,	$2,121 00
March 20—To am't received of John B. Troy the retiring Treasurer,	$ 991 92	" do fire insurance,	180 00
To received of McD. Geddie, Sheriff, W. & W. R. R. taxes,	$6,842 60	1898—By amount transferred to the general county fund by order of the Co. Commissioners,	1,024 00
		By 1½ per cent. commission receipts of $6,842.60,	85 54
		By 1½ per cent. commission on disbursements of $2,301 00,	28 76
		Dec.—By balance due,	$4,395 22
	$7,834 52		$7,834 52
1898.			
Dec. 5.—To balance due,	$4,395 22		

Each of the above accounts audited and approved by
H. R. HORNE,
W. N. TILLINGHAST,
E. H. EVANS,
Committee.

FAYETTEVILLE STEAM LAUNDRY.

We are at the same place turning out work that looks like new. We want everybody to give us a trial, and, if not satisfactory, it will cost you nothing. We give special attention to Shirts, Collars and Cuffs. If the neck-bands are worn we will reband them for you.

WANTED.

An agent in every town, school and village. Good commission guaranteed. Also smart boy to collect and deliver bundles.

Ledbetter Bros.

Bridge Bonds Called In.

The Board of County Commissioners, in regular session assembled, called in, by ballot, the following County Bonds, known as Bridge Bonds, to be presented on or before the first day of May, next, for redemption:

Nos. 6 and 18 of the denomination of $300; Nos. 49, 76, 73, 66, 72, 17 and 48 of the denomination of $100. After the first of May interest on the above bonds will cease.

J. R. TROY,
County Treasurer.
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 6th, 1899.

WANTED.

A second hand Bed Mill Rock, 42 inches in diameter, runs against the sun.
CYRUS MURPHY,
Fayetteville Post Office.
February 4-d1tw4t.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Visit "The Hay St. Grocer,"

BUY YOUR XMAS CANDIES, NUTS, &c.,

Make the Little Ones Happy

an dget ready for the New Year.
You have my best wishes for future success and happiness.
Yours, &c., to command,
A. S. HUSKE.

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,

At the Holt Store.

We lead, others follow, lead because we buy and sell more goods than any other Dry Goods House in Fayetteville or Cumberland county, and do it with less expense than any other house; lead, because we buy for cash and sell for cash; because we handle the very best goods; because we mark all goods in plain figures and only have one price, and you can't duplicate that price elsewhere. Below we give you some prices that will prove our assertions:

A-A Sheetings, 1 yard wide, at 3¼c. per yard, A-A-A, heavier, yard-wide Sheeting at 4½ cents per yard, the very best yard wide Sea Island at 4½ cents a yard, good heavy Drilling 5 cents a yard, Checked Homespun at 3½ cents, the very heaviest Checked Homespun at 4¾ cents, heavy Cheviot Plaids or Stripes for men's shirts, boys' waists, &c., at 5 and 7½ cents, 8 cent Plaid Dress Goods, beautiful patterns at 5 cents per yard, 15 cent Plaid Dress Goods, as handsome styles as you ever saw, at 10 cents, good Outing at 4½, 7 and 9 cents a yard. Special prices on men's pants goods to close out and make room for Spring stuff. Very good quality Jeans at 10 cents a yard, school-boy Jeans at 12½ cents, splendid quality of Jeans, about 50 per cent. wool-filled, heavy and tough, at 16⅔, regular 25 cents goods at 19 cents, 35 cent goods, all-wool filled at 22½ and 25 cents, Bed Ticking at 5, 7½, 8½, and the very best made at 11¼ cents per yard.

DRESS GOODS.

All-wool Serge, 36 inches wide, all colors, at 25 cents a yard, all-wool Henriettas at 39, 55, 69 and 75 cents a yard, heavy Storm Serges in navy blue and black, 44 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool Ladies' Cloth in black, brown and green-mixed, 50 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool flannel Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, at 23 cents, all-wool-filled Cashmeres, 40 inches wide, at 25 cents per yard, double-width Brocade Cashmeres, all colors, at 13 cents a yard, 40-inch Pompadour Suiting in black and colors at 25 cents a yard, Black Satteen at 7½, 8½ and 10 cents, yard-wide Percals, as good assortment of patterns as you ever saw, at 5¾, 6¼, 8½ and 10 cents a yard, light or dark styles, plain white india linen at 5 cents a yard and up, Checked Nainsooks and Dimities at 5 cents and up, Embroideries and Laces at 1 cent and up, heavy Piques, Welts, Corduroy, Stripes, &c., at all prices, all-wool Red Flannel at 12½, 20 and 25 cents per yard, white flannel at 15 to 50 cents. If you want to save money on your dry goods' purchases don't buy till you see our line.

SHOES.

It is considered by every man, woman and child who have bought Shoes at this store that we give more style and comfort and service for less money than they have ever been able to get elsewhere. To those who have never bought shoes from us, we only ask a trial, and if you don't get more for your money than you have been getting we will pay you your money back. Ladies Shoes at 69 cents to $2.50 per pair, men's shoes at $1.00 to $3.50 per pair, children's shoes at 20 cents to $2.00 per pair.

A splendid line of Hats and Caps, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Underwear for men, ladies and children. Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., at unapproachable prices.

Glass butter dish with cover, sugar bowl with cover, cream pitcher, largest size block tin wash basins, half gallon tins, half gallon covered buckets, all size lamp and lantern chimneys, good curry combs, 1,000 good matches, any size milk and pudding pans and hundreds of other bargains on FIVE CENT COUNTER.

Any size heavy sheet-iron bread pans, round bread pans, 14-quart block tin dish pans, 10-quart milk buckets, 4 and 6-quart covered tin buckets, any size agate jelly cake pans, revolving sifters, heavy graters, 75 feet heavy galvanized clothes wire, heavy rubber combs, good horse brushes, curry combs, back bands with buckles, 1 lb. carpenters' hammers, any size japanned waiters, assortments of glassware that would be cheap at 15 and 20 cents a piece, all on TEN CENT COUNTER,

4 qt. covered agate sauce pans, half gallon agate tea or coffee pots, splendid assortment of glass lamps complete, 10 and 14-quart strainer, milk buckets, full size, solid steel spiders, splendid blacking brushes, 40 cent brooms, and scores of other articles on TWENTY-FIVE CENT COUNTER.

These are a few of the articles carried on our 5, 10 and 25 cent counters. There are hundreds of other useful articles and every one is a leader at the price.

Don't fail to see our Crockery, Glassware, Tinware and Agate-ware Department in rear of this store.

Plenty of Plant Bed Canvass for Tobacco Farmers.

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,
50 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

COTTON SEED MEAL FOR SALE.

We are now offering prime new meal to farmers of this and adjoining counties **FOR CASH OR ON TIME.**

Send for prices and terms.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil and Fertilizer Company.
January 19 4t J. R. WILLIAMS, Manager.

ROUGH WORK.

It's hard work trying to down an article of merit.

"Perfection" will not down.

It's the best and cheapest flour sold in Fayetteville. Other excellent brands for less money.

Anything you want in the line of Staple Groceries. Lots of other goods besides.

FERTILIZERS.

We will again handle NAVASSA, SEA-FOWL and other celebrated brands of Fertilizers including ACID PHOSPHATE and KAINIT. Prices right.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms*.
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lumber and Building Material
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS
Farming Implements
OF ALL KINDS,
Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &
SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL
Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.
Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.
Yours Respectfully,
WALTER WATSON.

A CLEAR HEAD;

good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact.

An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

How we Bring Joy to the Cubans.

It would appear that we have adopted the practices of old world monarchies and despotisms not only in our dealings with the distant Filipinos, but with the Cubans also at our doors. It is understood that our "Governor General" of the Phillippines maintains a strict censorship of the telegraph at Manila (and at other points, if there be any) whence news of the real state of affairs might get to the ears of the American sovereigns. There is a fine regiment of Georgians in Cuba, and occasionally the Atlanta papers contain some tales out of school written by members of this regiment to their families. Yesterday's Atlanta Constitution contains the following:

"Several letters were received in Atlanta yesterday morning from officers of the Third Georgia regiment stating that the command was under orders to proceed immediately to one of the trochas —which the insurgents had seized and are holding—and take charge of it. Which means that after all the Third Georgia regiment will see active service —and will probably be the only regiment so favored or so fortunate. The insurgents' army has possessed itself of the military railroad that runs alongside of this famous deadline, and refuses to allow the American engineers sent from Havana to operate it. Accordingly orders have been issued by the war department that the trocha and the railroad be retaken, by force if necessary, and the insurgents disarmed. And for this service the Georgians have been selected. Afterwards, as they have already been instructed, they will be detailed to guard and hold the position."

"One of the trochas, which the insurgents had seized"! Why, this sounds just like the news we used to be getting this time twelve months ago, with the important exception that then the "insurgents" were our friends and their opponents and oppressors the hated Spaniard.

But that was before we had tasted blood, and the savage virus of imperialism had entered into our veins.

Poe's Political Foresight.

Baltimore Sun.]

It was recently stated by the New York Herald that it is in the power of our combined meat-packers of Chicago and Kansas City to forbid war by stopping the supply of meat. Other necessaries of life are similarly controlled by syndicates and trusts of various kinds. Railroads and telegraphs have facilitated the organization of combines on so large a scale that they may now be said to master the world of industry and trade. The Kings, Emperors and High Muck-a-Mucks of former times are "not in it" with our new rulers. Their autocratic way in a country supposed to be the home of liberty suggests that Edgar A. Poe was something of a prophet as well as a poet.

In Poe's "Tales of the Grotesque and Arabesque" there is a story of an Egyptian mummy with whom he had an interesting conversation. By a process of embalming applied to the living this mummy—Count Allamistakeo—had been put to sleep 5,000 years ago, and by an electric shock was brought back to consciousness for the edification of Poe and his friends. The effort was made in conversation with the Count to astonish him by recounting the vast progress of the world since his day in the various arts and sciences, but without conspicuous success. Our supposed brilliant modern discoveries were identified by the Count with the crude beginnings of Egyptian lore. Among other American achievements "put at" the revived Egyptian was our form of government.

"We spoke," says Poe, "of the beauty and importance of democracy, and were at much trouble to impress the Count with the advantages we enjoyed in living where there was suffrage *ad libitum* and no king. He listened with interest, and, in fact, seemed not a little amused. A great while ago he said, there had occurred something of a similar sort. Thirteen Egyptian provinces determined all at once to be free and so set a magnificent example to mankind. Their wise men concocted the most ingenious constitution it is possible to conceive. For a while they managed remarkably well; only their habit of bragging was prodigious. The thing ended, however, in the consolidation of the thirteen States, with some fifteen or twenty others, into the most odious and unsupportable despotism that was ever heard of upon the face of the earth."

"I asked what was the name of the usurping tyrant."

"As well as the Count could recollect, it was Mob."

Clearly Poe foresaw the centralization resulting from the civil war and mobocracy, but his prevision stopped short of the reign of King Trust.

The Bond Age.

Henderson Gold Leaf.

The historian of the future, if he be honest, says some writer, will be in duty bound to refer to the last third of the nineteenth century, in the United States, as the "bond-age," for it was during those years that the money changers acquired, by bribery, complete control in this boasted land of the free. The great "financial deal" they made was in buying Grant to become the tool of the gang, and forsake the people—and they, the shylocks, have worked the same deal with every President since that time. But the beginning of the next century will, we trust, find the people turning over a new leaf and once more assuming the management of their affairs.

These are dangerous times for the health. Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to Consumption. A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take; children like it, King Bros.

A Happy Riddance.

Atlanta Journal.

The army and the country are to be congratulated on the mustering out of the Third North Carolina regiment.

A tougher and more turbulent set of negroes were probably never gotten together before. Wherever this regiment went it caused trouble.

While stationed at Macon several of its members were killed, either by their own comrades in drunken brawls or by citizens in self-defense.

Last night the mustered-out regiment passed through Atlanta on its way home, and during its brief stay here exhibited the same ruffianism and brutality that characterized it while in the service. But for the promptness and pluck of several Atlanta policemen these negro ex soldiers would have done serious mischief at the depot. Those who undertook to make trouble were very promptly clubbed into submission, and one fellow more obstreperous than the rest, was lodged in the station house.

With the exception of two or three regiments the negro volunteers in the recent war were worse than useless. The negro regulars, on the contrary, made a fine record, both for fighting and conduct in camp.

The mustering out of the negro volunteers should have begun sooner and have been completed long ago.

From Saturday's Daily.

The Atlantic and Yadkin.

It is no longer the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley, but the Atlantic and Yadkin, and the first meeting of the stockholders of the new corporation is now being held in Wilmington.

The Baltimore Sun of yesterday says:

The transfer of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad took place yesterday at the office of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company, this city, in accordance with the decree of Judge Simonton, of the United States Circuit Court. The deed was delivered, in which Harry Walters, president of the Atlantic Coast Line; Mr. B. F. Newcomer and Mr. Michael Jenkins, of Baltimore, and Mr. Warren G. Elliott, of Wilmington, N. C., president of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, one of the component roads of the Atlantic Coast Line, are named as the purchasers. The transfer was made by Mr. E. S. Martin, of Wilmington, and Mr. Clement Manly, of Winston, N. C., the master commissioners appointed by Judge Simonton to make the sale by decree and distribute the proceeds.

The cash paid was $1,900,000, and the balance in bonds and past due coupons of different series and aggregating about $1,225,000, which was according to one of the provisions of the decrees. Another provision was, that all cash could be paid. The majority of the bonds and coupons were counted yesterday by the commissioners and the purchase value stamped upon them. This work will be completed today.

The purchasers and their associates will meet in Wilmington tomorrow to form a corporation, to be known as the Atlantic and Yadkin Railway Company. Gen. John Gill, president of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, continues as receiver of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley until the accounts are fully approved and the formal transfer of the property to the purchasers is authorized by the commissioners. This will require but a short time.

The road was sold at Fayetteville, N. C., under decree, December 29 last, for $3,110,000, including a portion of the equipment. The balance of the rolling stock was sold to the same purchaser for $15,000. In addition to the cash, the balance is paid in bonds and past due coupons of the road at the value of the distributive share of each.

Mr. Walters, Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Elliott went to New York yesterday after the transfer on business relative to the road.

Nearly a Million Dollar Fire.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Philadelphia, Feb. 3.—A big fire in the big bakery of the Stewart cracker company early this morning completely gutted the building and entirely destroyed the adjoining building occupied by Hooley & Son, silk manufacturers, the Philadelphia Novelty Company and Mast & Co., agricultural implements. The Cooper brass works building and the Hooper & Townsend annex were greatly damaged. The loss is from a half to three quarters of a million.

Liverpool, Feb. 3rd.—The German steamer Fulda, previously reported injured in Graving dock, through the keel blocks in giving way, is found to be seriously damaged.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

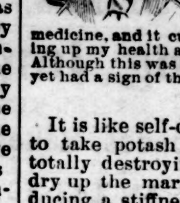
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

"GOOD HORSE SENSE" is a short treatise on the horse. FREE at the FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

Doctors Can't Cure It!

Contagious blood poison is absolutely beyond the skill of the doctors. They may dose a patient for years on their mercurial and potash remedies, but he will never be rid of the disease; on the other hand, his condition will grow steadily worse. S. S. S. is the only cure for this terrible affliction, because it is the only remedy which goes direct to the cause of the disease and forces it from the system.



I was afflicted with Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good, though I took their treatment faithfully. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not seem to reach the disease, and had no effect whatever. I was disheartened, for it seemed that I would never be cured. At the advice of a friend I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine, and it cured me completely, building up my health and increasing my appetite. Although this was ten years ago, I have never yet had a sign of the disease to return.
W. R. NEWMAN,
Staunton, Va.

It is like self-destruction to continue to take potash and mercury; besides totally destroying the digestion, they dry up the marrow in the bones, producing a stiffness and swelling of the joints, causing the hair to fall out, and completely wrecking the system.

S.S.S. For The Blood

is guaranteed Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy free from these dangerous minerals.

Book on self-treatment sent free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

DISEASES THAT KILL

Consumption is catarrh of the lungs. Certain complications make consumption incurable.

Most cases of death from consumption are the direct result of neglected catarrh.

Pe-ru-na works harmoniously with nature to eject the tubercles from the lungs, and works so successfully that if there is a cure for consumption Pe-ru-na is the remedy.

Read this letter from Mrs. H. A. Tyner, of Four Oaks, N. C., about her daughter, Mrs. L. Keene. She says:

Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

DEAR SIRS:—"My daughter had every symptom of consumption—suppression of menses, night sweats and great emaciation. She was so low that none of our neighbors thought she could live. In May Mr. C. R. Adams, of this place, who had taken Pe-ru-na, told me if anything would help her Pe-ru-na would. I got a bottle of it and some rock candy and began giving it to her. During the first few days she was so weak she could only take a half teaspoonful at a time, but I gave it to her as often as she could bear it. In less than a week she could walk two hundred yards and back without resting; she kept getting stronger, and in twelve months she seemed to be as well as she ever was in her life. I feel, and so does every one that knew about her sickness, that Pe-ru-na saved her life. My daughter's name is Mrs. L. Keene."

THE LEGISLATURE

Bladen County Dispensary Repealed.

SENATE.

The senate met at 10 o'clock.

A report from the committee on elections was read, stating W. S. Lumber and George Eaves were elected senators from the Thirty first district, and not Commodore Kerley and W. J Southern, the sitting members from that district.

The recommendation of the committee that A E Stevens be appointed assistant enrolling clerk was adopted.

Bills were introduced as follows: To establish a dispensary at Smithfield. To prevent commission merchants from charging a commission on goods purchased by themselves.

The bill to amend, consolidate and codify the insanity laws came up as a special order. The senate went into committee of the whole and took up each provision separately. Discussion first arose over the word "inebriates."

Senator Travis objected to the provision that drunken people should be cared for by the state in the hospital for the insane.

Finally the amendment striking out the word "inebriates" was put to a vote and lost.

HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To repeal the act of 1897 by which the fusionists took control of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, at Raleigh. (It places the management and control in a board of twenty seven trustees, of whom nine are those in office and eighteen to be elected by this legislature, the board to meet February 15th and organize by electing a president and also such members of faculty as it may deem best. The board is to fill vacancies among its members) To require conductors on railways to give passengers check for amount of fare they pay in excess of regular cost of tickets. To amend the free public school law and create colored school committees.

The resolution was adopted, calling on the governor for a report of penitentiary for the last two years.

Bills passed as follows: To allow the chairman of the board of education and the board of education to administer oaths in any matter coming before such boards. To prevent the sale of adulterated and misbranded foods. (Putting in the hands of the board of agriculture the enforcement of the law, the penalty for violation thereof being a fine from $200 to $300, or imprisonment not to exceed one year. It was stated during the debate that coffee was found adulterated 40 per cent, vinegar 94, flour 16, canned vegetables 20 per cent, the average adulteration of all samples being about 40 per cent.

Bills also passed to allow a commissioner to take evidence of the parties before trials in civil actions. To repeal the bill creating dispensary for Bladen county. (Mr. Currie said the people of Bladen county were a unit for its repeal, liquor dealers, ministers and moonshiners.)

Nothing of Importance Transacted.

IN THE SENATE.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

The bill passed to incorporate New Bern.

The minority report of Senator Campbell, republican, in the contest election case of Lambert and Eaves against Kerley and Southers, was read. He asked that the attorney for Kerley and Southers be allowed to appear before the senate and argue the law and facts in the case.

The minority report was rejected by a vote of 34 to 6. Lambert and Eaves were sworn in by Lieutenant Governor Reynolds.

The senate went into committee of the whole for further consideration of the bill to amend, consolidate and codify the insanity laws of the state. It was decided that in the admission of patients to any state hospital, priority of admission shall be given to the indigent insane. If any inmate of an asylum shall require private apartments, extras or private nurses, the directors, if practicable, shall provide the same at a fair price, to be paid by the patient.

HOUSE.

The House met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To strike out the fine in bastardy proceedings. To appropriate $20,000 annually for the state guard. To protect hotels and boarding houses by forbidding transient guests from taking away trunks or other baggage before they pay bills, or give proper security for payment. To amend section 872 of The Code relative to service of process, so in case of debt process can be served through a magistrate in the creditor's county and the debtor be brought to trial in such county if he resides in another.

Thursday's Proceedings.

SENATE.

The senate met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To define the fees of clerks, and justices of the peace for issuing process. To protect stock running at large in Cumberland county.

Bills passed as follows: To allow the directors of the deaf and dumb school at Morganton to fill vacancies. To domesticate foreign corporations. (This is Craig's bill and passed unanimously, it had already passed the house.)

HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

A resolution that the state arsenal be removed from the capitol square was favorably reported.

Bills were introduced as follows: To punish persons who sell whiskey in any local option territory. To establish public landings at foot of all roads leading to and crossing navigable streams. To amend the Code relative to the service of summons on infants in the absence of guardians ad litem. To abolish the office of coroner in Northampton. To incorporate Union City, Robeson county.

Bill to equalize the payment of state witnesses, sheriffs and clerks was tabled.

By leave, Mr. Robinson introduced a bill to give Cumberland county additional terms of the Superior court.

A resolution was adopted to raise a joint committee on election of justices of the peace.

The bill which was introduced by Mr. Winston to provide for working convicts on county farms, in making food supplies for themselves and the county poor, and also for their working public roads, came up.

Mr. Winston explaining and advocating the bill, said the convicts were so used in Bertie county, and with entire success. Mr. Winston said this use of convicts had effected a saving of over $1,000 in one year in Bertie. Convicts available for such use are those under sentences of five years or less.

The bill passed without debate, members remarking on all sides that they regarded it as an excellent measure.

Bills to regulate fees of registers of deeds in this state came up with an adverse report and was tabled, as were bills for short forms of chattel mortgages and crop liens.

Friday's Proceedings.

SENATE.

Bills passed as follows: To establish dispensary at Jackson. To remove disabilities of married women. For relief of sheriffs and tax collectors allowing them uncollected taxes for 1895, 1896 and 1897.

The bill to establish a state veterinary association was tabled.

Senator Winston's bill making cohabitation between whites and blacks a felony was, by request, placed on the calendar, despite the adverse report of the judiciary committee. It was tabled and the "clincher" put on it.

Bills passed final reading as follows: To authorize Fayetteville to accept 25 per cent. of taxes of 1898 as settlement in full. To re enact the act of 1895, relating to stock law in Robeson.

The same penitentiary directors as chosen in the house were elected by unanimous vote of the senate.

The bill to establish a dispensary at Smithfield passed its final reading as did the following bills: To bring geese within the law prohibiting running at large of stock. To abolish county boards of education.

Senator Justice introduced a bill to establish a dispensary at Greensboro.

A resolution to pay F. P. Jones $200 as expenses in his contested election case was adopted.

HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. McIntosh against the acquisition of foreign territory by the United States.

The bill passed to amend the law as to limited partnerships. The resolution for the removal of the arsenal from the capitol square was adopted.

Mr. Ranson's bill regarding taxation of bank stock provides that stockholders of every bank located in this state whether state or national, shall be assessed and taxed on value of shares therein in county, town, precinct, village or city where such bank or banking association is located and not elsewhere, whether such stockholder resides in such place or not.

Mr. Robinson, a bill to revise the act extending the time for beginning work on Fayetteville and Albemarle Railway; Mr. Ray, of Cumberland, a bill to amend the stock law; Mr. White, of Halifax, to create a dispensary for Warren county.

The house went into election of twelve additional directors for the state's prison, one for each judicial district. The following were elected: First district, Benjamin H. Thompson, of Bertie; Second, Edward L. Travis, of Halifax; Third, Robert H. Ricks, of Nash; Fourth, Joseph W. Perry, of Johnston; Fifth, Wm. H. Osborne, of Guilford; Sixth, James C. Davis, of Carteret; Seventh, James T. LeGrand, of Richmond; Eighth, Alfred B. Young, of Cabarrus; Ninth, John L. Gwaltney, of Alexander; Tenth, Marion F. Morphew, of McDowell; Eleventh, —— of Mecklenburg; Twelfth, Samuel L. Rogers of Macon.

A Shocking Railroad Accident.

By cable to the Observer

Pittsburg, February 3.—At 1:30 this morning a two horse furniture wagon on which five men and one young woman were riding was struck by the fast B. & O. freight near McKeesport. Four of the men were killed outright, and the other died later at the McKeesport hospital. The woman will not recover. The train was making fast time, and smashed the wagon into kindling wood. The victims were Hudson Elder, Vest Wilson, George Dawson and two are unidentified. Miss. Dawson is supposed to be the name of the woman.

Standard Oil Drops 61 Points.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Feb. 3rd.—The Standard Oil trust in liquidating certificates, caused a sensational drop this morning. Stock opened at 445 against 450 yesterday and was offered at 412 at 11 o'clock. This represents a drop of 61 points from yesterday's high price which was 473.

A Break in Stocks.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Wall Street, N. Y., Feb. 3rd.—There is no news on the board to account for the break in the stock market. There has been heavy realizing all the week. It is said on the floor that the heavy selling comes from the news from Washington that there are rumors of a hitch in the Peace treaty proceedings. All the talk on the floor is that there is some delay, and that the treaty will not be signed Monday.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga, suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. King Bros.

A FULL LINE OF BRUSHES. EVERY TOOTH BRUSH SOLD BY US GUARANTEED. FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.

January Dispensary Report.

Stock on hand Jan. 1, '99,		$3,535.88
Purchases for Jan.,		1,233.40
		$4,769.28
Stock on hand Feb. 1st, '99,	$2,510.14	
Sales as per vouch'rs,	3,172.00	
		$5,682.14
Gross profits,		$ 912.00
Expenses and freights,		212.83
Net profit,		$ 700.03
CONDITION FEB. 1, '99.		
Stock on hand, paid for,		$2,510.14
Cash in Bank,		922.96
Total Assets,		$3,433.10
Liabilities, none.		

The Marsh-Highsmith Sanitarium.

Drs. Marsh and Highsmith's private hospital, which will be ready for patients within the next few months, is to be the most modern, up to date sanitarium south of Richmond in the Carolinas. It will be three stories high with their offices, &c., on first floor. The second floor will contain ten private rooms with bath rooms, &c., for every comfort of patients. On the third floor will be a large, well equipped operating room and an electrical room, in which patients with nervous diseases will be treated with the most modern electrical appliances and two large wards.

This hospital will accommodate twenty-five patients. All classes of diseases will be treated, medical surgical, gynoecological, &c., and with an efficient corps of trained nurses, this hospital ought to receive the patronage of this entire section.

Contagious or infectious diseases will not be admitted.

Three Gallant North Carolinians—They Have Numerous Kinsmen in Fayetteville.

Saturday's Town Topics, of New York, has the following to say of three North Carolina sailor heroes, each of whom has numerous kin folks in this city:

Last week I referred to Lieutenants E. A. Anderson and Victor Blue, U. S. N., as admirable specimens of the gallant American naval officer, as modest in peace as heroic in war. To these I wish to add the name of Lieutenant Cameron McR. Winslow, late of the Nashville, who was the senior officer in charge of the cable cutting boats at Cienfuegos. "Cam" Winslow is something of a dandy, an inveterate clubman and society man, and I have heard those who did not know "Cam" refer to him as perhaps too much of a parlor knight. Men in the service who know his courageous, manly nature would promptly resent this imputation on a splendid officer, and I am glad the war showed him to the world as he is. Absolutely cool and unruffled under a withering fire, his men dropping about him and himself wounded, he went on with his work, unmindful of the enemy, until it was completed. He also volunteered for a couple of other daring exploits, but his services were not accepted, which reminds me of a very curious feature of the recent war, namely, the almost uniform policy of refusing to allow the men to make bold dashes, such as was the rule in the old days. The daring torpedo boat men fairly pleaded for permission to enter Havana and Santiago and try to blow up the Spanish ships there. Two young officers at Guantanamo wanted to "cut out" the gunboat Sandoval in the picturesque old-fashioned way. Another officer wanted to go into Cardenas with a forlorn hope, avenge Bagley and capture the place. All were snubbed. The navy is full of Decaturs and Cushings, but they were not given half a chance.

Filipino Telegraph Office Seized—Much Important News from Manila.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Hong Kong, Feb. 2.—The Filipino members of the joint commission at Manila formally demand the launches seized by the Americans, also that they be permitted to fly the Filipino flag in Phillippine waters. Gen. Otis is reported to be favorable, but Admiral Dewey refused, not wishing to put himself in a position to be obliged to employ his searchlights to discover the movements of the Filipinos. The use of the Filipino flag is permitted ashore, and several are flying from native houses. A dozen natives have been arrested, secretly manufacturing bolas (native weapons) in Manila.

Manila, Feb. 2nd.—The Americans have seized the Filipino's telegraph office, connecting with all parts of Luzon. The operators were arrested. They were discovered in the act of transmitting Gen. Otis's secret orders to Phillippine government. How these were obtained is a mystery.

MANILA PRACTICALLY BESIEGED.

Two guns of the Utah artillery have been placed in position on Santa Mosa Hill, overlooking the water Works. There is no evidence that the Filipinos intend to begin hostilities, but it is practically certain that they will resist if Americans force matters. The radical independence element now dominates the government at Malolos. Since the killing of the Filipino officer, Belmonte, by the American guard, American officers have not ventured outside Manila. Foreigners are not permitted to travel without passes signed by Aguinaldo.

The America's Cup Challenger.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Feb. 3.—It is believed that no further progress on the construction of the new cup challenger Shamrock than the joining of the skeleton together has yet been made. Fife the designer comes to Troneycrofts yards, Chiswick, every week. The experiments with metals are still proceeding. Sir Thomas Lipton, the owner, has conferred with the designer and builders of the Shamrock on the subject of knuckle jointing of the defender.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by
H. R. HORNE, Druggist,
Fayetteville, N. C.

BUIST'S WHITE & YELLOW ONION SETS, PEAS, BEANS AND N. C. COLLARD SEED at The Fayetteville Drug Store.

News of Interest.

The River and Harbor bill carrying slightly more than $30,000,000, passed the House yesterday by a vote of 160 to 7. This is the largest majority any river and harbor bill has ever obtained in the House.

A bill has been introduced in the House to repeal the U. S. law which prevents ex-Confederates serving on jurors in the Federal Courts.

Gen. Gomez, commander in chief of the Cuban army, has accepted the offer of three million dollars to pay soldiers and disband the forces.

Sixteen Shillings Worth of Words.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Feb. 2.—Rudyard Kipling arrived on the Majestic this morning, accompanied by his family. Kipling gave the reporters sixteen shillings worth of words in saying: "Nothing to say."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L B. Q. on each tablet.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using one Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. King Bros.

Try the "Petit Bouquet Cigar" for sale at the Fayetteville Drug Store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Stands with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 400,000 boxes sold, 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING

CITY LUMBER YARD

EUGENE T. WATSON

Dealer in Rough and Finished

LUMBER,

Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboards,

Door and Window-Casings, and all kinds of Mouldings, also Shingles, Laths, Lime and Hair.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Strictly First-Class Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

THE VERY FINEST.

The ne plus ultra.
The creme de la creme.
THAT'S
HARPER WHISKY
IN THREE LANGUAGES.
Sold in Fayetteville, N. C.

TELL

all your neighbors

ABOUT

the wonderful new Constitutional Cure for **RHEUMATISM.**

The remedy is a Vegetable Compound, Extracts of Roots, Herbs and Barks, no Opiates. Purifies the blood and drives out the poisonous acids that cause the disease. Cures 98 per cent. of the patients. The name is

RHEUMACIDE,

and it Kills Rheumatism.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

FARMERS' WIVES

or any other ladies who wish to work

Can Earn Lots of Money

working for us in spare time at home on our cloths. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
WINOOSKET CO., (25-N. C.,) Boston, Mass., Mfg. Dept,
Dec. 15, 1898—w1y.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

Fayetteville Insurance Agents.

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property
S. R. HUSKE, Agent.

DON'T ASK HIM

to go on your BOND. He may be your friend, but he does not want to go on any man's bond, not even yours. We bond Employes, Officials, Administrators, Assignees, Executors, Guardians, Contractors and all other classes at lowest rates. Full information and application blanks supplied on request.
NIMOCKS & COOK,
Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

ARE YOU THINKING

of insuring your DWELLING, FURNITURE, STORE, STOCK, PLANING MILL, COTTON or NAVAL STORES on storage; property of any kind? Quit thinking and take out a policy, quick. "To-morrow" may be too late. We write in town and country, and in near by towns, at lowest tariff rates We keep your policy in force; don't allow it to lapse unless requested.

Only the best Companies represented. Fire, Accident, Life, Marine; all kinds. Blank applications sent on request.
NIMOCKS & COOK, Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayettevile, N. C.

COLLIER'S WEEKLY

January 28, 1899.

The table of contents of COLLIER'S WEEKLY for January 28 contains some exceedingly important features. Paul Leicester Ford's new and powerful serial, entitled "Janice Meredith; a Story of the Revolution," begins in this number. It is profusely illustrated under the direction of Howard Pyle. ("JANICE MEREDITH")

Strong statements concerning the Treaty now under discussion in the United States Senate from Senators Davis, Gray, Frye, Lodge, Foraker, Morgan, Daniel, et al., illustrated by portraits, together with an authorized statement from the Administration, are given. (SENATORS ON THE TREATY)

"$5,000 Reward!" a dramatic incident of Western life, pictured by Frederic Remington, appears as the first of a series of Twelve Great Paintings by famous artists, the rest of which will appear during the year 1899. (REMINGTON PICTURE)

Special correspondence and pictures from Cuba, with the London Letter, the Opera, the Drama, Literature, and Sports complete this specially striking number. (MANY FEATURES)

Sale of Land to Make Assets.

The undersigned, by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, N. C., directing the sale of the lands of the late D. D. McBryde to make assets to pay debts, I will, on Monday,

The 27th of February,

1899, at 11 o'clock, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public auction the following lands, viz:

1st. The lands known as the Residence or Home Place of said D. D. McBryde, being in several different tracts embracing about 420 acres, subject, however, to the widow's dower.

2nd. The McLean Place, about 145 acres, adjoining the lands of Collier, Tew and others.

3rd. About 112 acres, situate in Harnett county, adjoining the lands of John Williams and George D. Elliot, known as Neck Lands.

The purchaser at such sale will be required to give note bearing 6 per cent for the purchase money, to be paid within six months, but may have privilege of paying cash for his bid, taking a deed for the land upon confirmation of the sale.
B. T. McBRYDE,
Commissioner.
January 25, 1899.

Strayed.

A suitable reward will be offered for the return of two hogs that strayed from the John Buie place on the Center plank road, six miles from Fayetteville. Description: Sow hogs, one a sandy color and the other black and white-spotted with ears dropping over the eyes; both hogs unmarked.
W. A. POOLE.
December 22-4t

"History of the Spanish-American War," by Henry Watterson.

The above is the title of a superbly illustrated, richly bound volume by THE WERNER COMPANY, Akron, Ohio Of course, anything written by Henry Watterson would be readable. He is fitted by training and experience to write a history of this war, which has brought world-wide renown and glory to our arms. Every line of the book breathes an enthusiastic spirit of patriotism that is exhilarating and inspiring.

The work contains over 650 pages, a large number of full-page half-tones, together with many rich double-page illustrations in ten colors. It is sold by subscriptions, and will undoubtedly prove a money-maker to every intelligent salesman.

Subscriptions taken at the Observer Office.

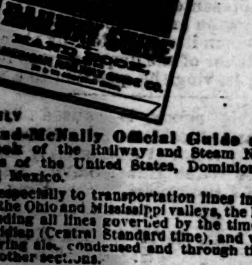
NORTH CAROLINA,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In the Superior Court—Before the Clerk
S. P. Denning, for himself and in behalf of all other Creditors of D. A C. Denning, deceased
Versus
C. C. McClellan, Administrator of D. A. C. Denning, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased, D. A. C. Denning, to appear before me on or before February the 6, 1899, the return day of the summons herein, and file the evidences of their claims. A. A. McKETHAN, C. S. C.,
Cumberland County.
December 28, 1898.—[oaw-6t

25 CENTS



ISSUED MONTHLY

The Rand-McNally Official Guide and Hand Book of the Railway and Steam Navigation Lines of the United States, Dominion of Canada, and Mexico.

Devoted especially to transportation lines in the territory of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, the lake region, including all lines governed by the time of the 90th meridian (Central Standard time), and west thereof; having also condensed and through timetables to all other sections.

SUBSCRIPTION $2.50 PER YEAR 25 CTS PER COPY.
THE AMERICAN RAILWAY GUIDE CO.,
Publishers and Proprietors,
166 to 174 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

TABLE CUTLERY,

Pocket Knives and Scissors,

Of good quality of steel at

WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

OLD NEWSPAPERS,

suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale cheap at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

C. F. & Y. V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL Receiver.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 20th, 1898.

LEAVE FAYETTEVILLE:

12:20 A. M. daily. Arrive Sanford 1:43 P. M.; Greensboro 4:15 P. M.; Walnut Cove 5:44 P. M.; Mt. Airy 7:35 P. M.

4 02 P. M. daily. Arrive Roseboro 4:52 P. M.; Wilmington 7:05 P. M.

4:33 P. M. daily. Arrive Red Springs 5:35 P. M.; Maxton 6:09 P. M.; Bennettsville 7:15 P. M.

ARRIVE FAYETTEVILLE:

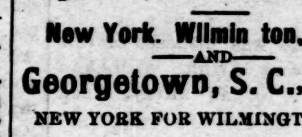
12 M. daily from Wilmington and Roseboro.

3:52 P. M. daily from Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Sanford and all points North and South.

10:40 A. M. daily from Bennettsville, Maxton and Red Springs.

Local Freight Trains Nos. 7 and 8 with coach attached between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass Agent



Clyde Steamship Co

New York. Wilmington, N. C.
—AND—
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE......Saturday February 4th
ONEIDA..........Saturday, February 11th

WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA..........Saturday, February 4th
GEO. W. CLYDE......Saturday, February 11th

WILMINGTON, N. C., for GEORGETOWN, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE......Tuesday February 7th
ONEIDA..........Tuesday February 14th

No passenger boats.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager,
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & Co, General Agents.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road

AND BRANCHES
AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday.	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	12 00	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	1 11	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 38		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 15	10 36	6 45	5 40	1 10
Leave Wilson	2 15	11 16	7 19	6 22	2
Leave Selma	3 15	......			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 07			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	8 00	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 20
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 05	4 24
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 30	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102 D'ly ex. Sunday.	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily,	No 48, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50		7 50		
Lv Fayetteville	12 25		9 42		
Leave Selma	1 50				
Arrive Wilson	2 35		11 35		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 30
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10
Lv Goldsboro		5 00		10 10	12 05
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 38	12 12	11 20	12 55
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 29	6 15	12 49	11 57	1 37
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 29		12 49		
Arrive Weldon	4 33		1 42		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8:10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10:00 A M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent,
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manager.